

The Times

Part 1—News Sheet—Pages 1 to 8.



XVII. YEAR.

[At the Counter... 3 Cents.
By the Month... 75 Cents.]

FRIDAY MORNING, APRIL 9, 1897.—TWO PARTS: 14 PAGES.

A MUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—

G. M. WOOD, Lessee.
H. C. WYATT, Manager.

TONIGHT AND TOMORROW NIGHT, MATINEE SATURDAY,

MANNY DAVENPORT

Supported by MELBOURNE MACDOWELL.

TONIGHT AND TOMORROW MATINEE,

Sardou's "GISMONTA."

DAVENPORT-SARDOU

SILVER SOUVENIRS

To every customer in this city a Sardou play. Boxes and seats now on sale. Tel. Main 70.

LOS ANGELES THEATER—

C. M. WOOD, Lessee. H. C. WYATT, Manager.

3 Nights Only, Beginning Thursday, Apr. 15.—Saturday Matinee,

First Appearance here of Mr. and Mrs. Russ Whytal, in the Romantic Drama,

"FOR FAIR VIRGINIA." As represented by them over 400 times. Special Scenery. An Excellent Company.

Seats on sale Monday, April 12. Prices: 25c, 50c, 75c and \$1.00. Tel. Main 70.

OPHEUM—Los Angeles' Society Vaudeville Theater.

...Week Beginning Tuesday, April 6...

LINDSLEY BROS., SISTERS KENWICK, H. A. DEVERE, WATER-BURY BROS. and TENNY. THE McAVOYS in "Hogan's Alley Kids," THE JARRETT'S, FRED GAMBOLD.

Prices never changing. Evenings—Reserved Seats, 25c, 50c; Gallery, 10c. Regular Matines, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday, 25c for any part of the house; Children, any seat, 10c; Gallery, 10c. Telephone Main 147.

BURBANK THEATER.—

A. Y. PEARSON, Manager.

Tonight and remainder of week.

Mr. HARRY CORSON CLARKE supported by the regular stock company in Bartley Campbell's Beautiful Play.

"THE GALLEY SLAVE."

Reduced Prices: 10c—20c—30c. Box and Loge Seats, 50c.

Boxes and Loge Reserved, 30c. Seats now on sale, from 9:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m. Tel. Main 1270.

NEXT WEEK—A WEEK OF COMEDY.

NINTH ANNUAL BENCH SHOW—

Southern California Kennel Club at HAZARD'S PAVILION, April 14, 15, 16, 17. Admission 25c; Children 10c.

O STRICH FARM—SOUTH PASADENA—Open Daily to Visitors.

SIXTY GIGANTIC BIRDS—TWENTY OSTRICH CHICKENS.

Appropriate California Souvenirs and Presents.

Take Pasadena Electric Cars.

MISCELLANEOUS—

CHANGE IN THE CALIFORNIA LIMITED ...Santa Fe Route...

Particular Attention is called to the fact that this train will be run out of Los Angeles on every TUESDAY and

FRIDAY morning instead of Tuesday and Saturday, as at first announced. The hour of departure is EIGHT O'CLOCK in the morning. Breakfast served in the Dining Car after leaving Los Angeles. Reservations that have been made in the Saturday morning train will be held for the preceding Friday morning train unless advised to the contrary.

ON SATURDAY, APRIL 3—

THE MAISON DOREE

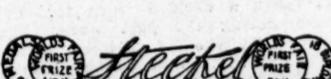
Will be Reopened as a 145-147 North Main St., Los Angeles, Cal.

First-Class French Restaurant

Business Lunch will be served a la carte from noon to 2:30—very quick service. Table d'Hote every evening from 5:00 to 8:00 o'clock—50 cents, including wine. PRIVATE DINING ROOMS for Dinner Clubs, Wedding, Theater Parties. EMIL CAMUS, Proprietor.

CARBONS—

"Every Picture a Work of Art."



Children's pictures in combination panels and characteristic attitudes. 220 S. Spring St., opposite Los Angeles Theater and Hollenbeck Hotel

COSTUMERS FOR LA FIESTA—

H. ANDERSON & CO.

Carnival and Fancy Dress Costumers announce the opening of their Los Angeles Establishment, No. 106 South Main Street, over Orpheum. The assortments of hand-made, representing the handsomest selections ever placed in Los Angeles, will be displayed commencing Wednesday, April 7. The public cordially invited to inspect the wardrobe.

GOLD AND SILVER REFINERS

and ASSAYERS. Largest and Most Complete Establishment in Southern California and 25 Years' Experience.

Metalurgical Tests Made, including Chlorination, Cyanide and Electrolytic Processes; Mill Tests from 25 lbs. to 100 tons; Mining Experts, Consulting Metallurgists and Promoters; San Francisco Prices Paid for Gold and Silver in any form. WM. T. SMITH & CO. OFFICE—ROOM 8, 128 N. MAIN ST.

EL SINILO HOT SPRINGS.

THE PEARL OF WINTER RESORTS—A Combination of

LAKE, MOUNTAIN AND CANYON SCENERY

The Lake View Hotel has the Finest Hot Mineral Water and Mud Baths to be found in California. Elevations, 3,000 feet.

C. S. TRAPHAGEN, Manager.

WING HING WO CO.—

IMPORTERS OF CHINESE AND JAPANESE ART GOODS AND CURIOS.

No. 228 S. Spring St. Ladies' Embroidery, Handkerchiefs, 10c, 15c, 25c, up to \$2. Gentlemen's Handkerchiefs from \$2 to \$12. Magnificent Carved Ebony Cabinets for \$75 that never sold before for less than \$100. Prices lower than anywhere else. Goods packed free of charge.

SPECIAL SALE—

NEW ENGLAND UPRIGHT PIANO, \$200.

BLANCHARD-FITZGERALD CO., 113 South Spring Street.

REDONDO CARNATIONS—AND CHOICE ROSES; CUT FLOWERS and Floral designs. B. F. COLLINS, 386 S. Broadway, same side City Hall. Tel. 118. Flowers packed for shipping.

INGLESIDE FLORAL COMPANY,

140 South Spring Street

Flowers. Ingleside Carnations.—F. Edward Gray. Tel.—Red 1072.

RAILROAD PRESIDENTS.

"SOUND MONEY."

The New Paper of the National Sound Money League.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

CHICAGO, April 8.—The National Sound Money League, the headquarters of which are in this city, has just issued the first number of a monthly paper entitled "Sound Money." It advocates the gold standard, the gradual retirement of greenbacks, and the enlargement of national bank circulation.

The officers of the league are George B. Leighton, St. Louis, president; Gustav Schwab, New York, chairman of the Executive Committee; A. B. Heyburn, New York, treasurer; C. L. Hutchinson, Chicago, associate treasurer, and E. E. Smiley, Chicago, general secretary. The league is a non-partisan organization.

Commander of Michigan's G.A.R.

GREENVILLE (Mich.) April 8.—Col.

A. T. Bliss of Saginaw was elected department commander of the Michigan G.A.R. at today's session of the

campground.

Ex-Mayor Cregier III.

CHICAGO, April 8.—Ex-Mayor Dewitt C. Cregier is lying dangerously ill at his home in this city. He is suffering from a complication of diseases, and his recovery is doubtful.

Union Pacific Directors. The President has appointed John T. Bresler of Nebraska a government director of the Union Pacific railroad. He succeeds R. S. Nelson, whose term has expired.

ODIOUS POLICY

Uproar in the Italian Parliament.

Socialist Deputy Denounces Acts Against Greece.

The Hostile Forces Waiting to Be Introduced.

Russians Amused at the Allegation of an Anglo-American Alliance. Parleying with Insurgents Will not Be Resumed by Consuls.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

ROME, April 8.—(By Atlantic Cable.) Considerable uproar attended the interpellation of the government by Sig. Imbriani, the Socialist leader, in the Chamber of Deputies today, who referred to the odious policy of leading free Italy to commit inconceivable acts of violence against Greece and to trample upon the laws of concert.

Continuing, Sig. Imbriani asserted that Italy was playing the role of a vassal to the Dreibund, and he eulogized the conduct of Greece. In so doing, the Socialist Deputy vigorously attacked the acts of Italy and concert of the powers, for which he was frequently called to order by the President of the Chamber, but was loudly cheered by his followers.

THE PORTE'S ATTITUDE.

LONDON, April 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says that the Porte this afternoon communicated to the ambassadors the contents of three circulars dispatched to the Ottoman representatives abroad.

The first, dated April 5, notified the powers that the Porte would

not withdraw from Crete immediately if the Greeks previously withdraw from the island.

The second is dated April 6, and provides for the appointment by the powers of a European governor of the island.

The third, dated April 7, protests against the injustice of disarming the Cretan Mohammedans while the Christians are permitted to retain their arms.

ALL PREPARATIONS MADE.

SALONICA, April 8.—Details of Turkish troops from this place en route to Macedonia crossed today. All preparations have been made to meet any hostile act on the part of Greece.

EARL OF KIMBERLY'S ADVICE.

LONDON, April 8.—The Earl of Kimberley, leader of the Liberal party in the House of Lords, speaking at a Liberal banquet this evening in London, urged the withdrawal of the Turkish troops at the first step in the pacification of Crete.

STRENGTHENING THE FORCES.

CONSTANTINOPLE, April 8.—An extraordinary council of the ministers of the empire was held at the palace today. It is understood that an effort will be made to reinforce the troops at Salonica with thirty-two battalions of Redifs from Anatolia, making a total of 33,000 men.

CONSUL'S HOUSE SEARCHED.

CANEA, April 8.—Turkish gendarmes entered the house of the Greek Consul at Halepa and seized several rifles and some ammunition which had been left there by the villagers. It is alleged that the sub-Governor of the island sent the gendarmes to search the house.

THAT UNION WITH AMERICANS.

NEW YORK, April 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from St. Petersburg says that just at the moment when every one had made up his mind that all the trouble in Greece was over, Crete was set free, and after the Blous had opened buoyantly on the report that Greece had given way, a very unfortunate counterblast has come in the postponement in the blockade, and the news of the speech of Mr. Balfour, in which he is said to have talked of a union with America in case of a war with France and Russia.

This latter point sounds so remarkable and improbable that had it not come through the official agency it would seem incredible. At all events, it has received the strongest impression upon a large part in St. Petersburg, whose members pointed out that England is backing the Greeks and wishes to seize Suda Bay. To give an idea of these sentiments, it has been reported that England is about to force the Dardanelles.

ASSISTING THE TURKS.

CANEA, April 8.—The foreign admirals have sent a warship to Kissamo in the hope of assisting the Turks in evacuating the place, the latter having declared it impossible to resist the insurgents. Fire yesterday in Candia destroyed the residence of the bishop.

THIRSTY MOSLEMS.

CANEA, April 8.—The Mussulmans of Sis are suffering from want of water, the wells of the town not sufficient to supply their needs and the insurgents driving them back whenever they attempt to obtain water outside. The protection afforded by the foreign warships. The barracks occupied by the Italian marines during shore duty at Candia have been burned to the ground. A detachment of 600 additional Russian troops and an additional detachment of 700 British troops have arrived here.

ANSWER DIDN'T ANSWER.

LONDON, April 8.—Answering a question in the House of Commons by the Turkish troops, the Parliamentary Secretary to the Foreign Office, George N. Curzon, said that Foote had asked the powers for their views on the early evacuation of the island by the Turks.

The paper declared that the object of the meeting was to frame a petition to the government for their removal of Gen. Canto as chief of the military forces. The government denied the truth of the statement, and denied the views expressed by Mr. Ley at first, but it now seems to be admitted that such a meeting was held, and today the Chileno, the Porvenir, the Ley and other papers say that the government has investigated the matter and will adopt severe disciplinary measures against Gen. Canto and all those who took part in the criticism of Gen. Korner. Gen. Canto was the chief of the revolutionary army of 1891, which overthrew the Balmaceda government.

ANSWER DIDN'T ANSWER.

LONDON, April 8.—(By Associated Press.) A dispatch to the Daily Telegraph from Kissamo says it is reported there that the Turks are concentrating a large body of troops between Phillipspades and Joannina and have seized all the flour mills and grain stores. All the irregulars have left Arts, and are marching northward in three bands.

TURKS CONCENTRATING.

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HEARTBURNED

Knoxville, Tenn., Swept by Flames.

Losses Estimated to Exceed a Million Dollars.

Several Persons Supposed to Have Perished.

Thrilling Escapes from Burning Buildings—Big Business Houses in Ruins—Dynamite and Cannon. Man Falls Dead from Fright.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.]

KNOXVILLE (Tenn.), April 8.—Never in the history of Knoxville has the city suffered such a loss by fire as did today, following the breaking out of flames in a grocery store adjoining the building of the Bank of America.

The fire, which started at 10:30 a.m., was quickly extinguished, but the hotel and adjoining buildings were soon in flames, and the very heart of the city, including some of the largest wholesale and retail houses in the South, were destroyed. The loss was variously estimated at from \$1,000,0

tion system; who loaned money and clipped coupons, should not be aided by a bankruptcy bill. It was the honest debtor who was struggling to get on his feet. Mr. Nelson criticized the Torrey Bill in detail, saying it was vicious and complicated, providing fifteen distinct causes for bankruptcy. The bill also created thirty-four criminal offenses, with severe penalties. There was, he said, no limit to the fees that attorneys were charging under this bill. This was one of the crying evils of the law of 1873 under which so many attorneys made fortunes.

Mr. Nelson then discussed the main features of this substitute bill. The purpose of the bill was to assist in the proceeding simple and inexpensive, leaving bankruptcy to a few causes, and leaving creditors in all other cases to the State laws. There was no demand outside of a few jobbers and wholesalers in favor of the excessive Torrey Bill.

In the Northwest, the hard times had nearly shipwrecked many worthy business men. They were loaded with debt, and it was to the interest of that whole section and the country to give them a law to put them on their feet, to strengthen them by a sense of protection. As to the Tariff Bill, Mr. Nelson said, he regarded a conservative bankruptcy bill, designed to help debtors, as the subject of chief importance before Congress. He said Congress would not adjourn before passing some bankruptcy bill. He even said he would be willing to take the harsh Torrey Bill rather than see all legislation fail.

Mr. Hoar defended the Torrey Bill against Mr. Nelson's charge of hardness. He said that 100,000 debtors were in imminent danger of this humane bill. The Nelson substitute, Mr. Hoar regarded as impracticable.

Mr. Lindsay of Kentucky (Dem.) gave notice of a speech at the next session in answer to criticisms of the committee.

Mr. Thurston of Nebraska (Rep.) gave notice that on next Tuesday he would address the Senate on the subject of the Pacific railroad debt settlement.

At 4:45 o'clock the Senate adjourned until Monday.

FOREIGN MARINE CABLES.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Senate Committee on Commerce granted a hearing today on the bills before it providing regulations for the landing of foreign submarine cables in the United States, but reached no conclusion in regard to the bills.

THESE FRUIT DUTIES.

NEW YORK, April 8.—Louis Constance & Son of this city received a cablegram from Rome today, stating that the Italian government has authorized its Ambassador to file a protest with the Secretary of State against a prohibitory duty being levied on oranges and lemons. The chambers of commerce of Naples, Palermo, Rome and Catania have also communicated with the sub-committee of the Committee on Finance on this subject.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

Republicans and Democrats Trying to Settle on Appointments.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Republican and Democratic Senators have at last apparently begun serious efforts to reach an understanding upon a basis of reorganization of the Senate committees. The managing committees of both sides of the chamber were in session during the greater part of the afternoon today, and sub-committees representing both parties met in conference. Senator McMillan, Gallinger and Carter representing the Republicans, and Senator Gorman, Cockrell and Faulkner the Democrats.

The Democratic conferees outlined the position of the Democratic side of the chamber to be that the Senate should not attempt to fill the committees plucked by Democrats in the last Congress. The Republicans proposed that the reorganization should take place on the basis of percentages, an arrangement which they admitted would result in reducing the Democratic representation in the committee on finance to two members.

This did not prove an acceptable basis of settlement to the Democrats, whereupon the Republicans suggested a compromise agreement. They called attention to the fact that the Republican plurality over the Democrats was nine now, whereas it was only two at the beginning of last session. Thus, it was decided to fill the committees about twenty more committee appointments than in 1895. They suggested that the Democrats should make concessions that would give the Republicans a sufficient increase of places to permit them to take proper care of their increased number of Senators.

This proposition was only tentatively discussed, and the conferees of the Democratic Senators indicated a disposition to recommend its favorable consideration to their caucus committee providing an understanding can be reached upon the allotments on the committees on Finance and Appropriations. These vacancies have been the subject of contention from the beginning. There are two vacancies in the Finance Committee, one caused by the retirement of a Democratic Senator and the other by the retirement of a Republican, and three on the Appropriations Committee, all caused by the failure of Democrats to secure re-election. The Democrats stated emphatically that the two vacancies represented would allow no diminution of the Democratic strength on that committee, on account of the silver issue, but said it was possible they might concede one additional Republican on appropriations. They agreed to present the matter to the full committee. The proposition was unanimously accepted, the exception of the full Democratic caucus committee, but no definite action was taken. There was, however, an apparent disposition to make concessions except on the Finance Committee membership, where there was a decided determination to hold to its present financial and political complexion.

IN OPEN REVOLT.

Serious State of Affairs on the Transvaal Border.

LONDON, April 8.—A dispatch to the Times from Cape Town says advice received there from Delagoa Bay announce that the country bordering on and across the Limpopo River, forming for many miles the north-western and northern limit of the Transvaal, is in open revolt. It is thought the situation is serious. Troops were leaving for Delagoa Bay by the steamer Caranava. A further rising is expected in Maputaland.

REBELS' STRONGHOLD BURNED.

CAPE TOWN, April 8.—A dispatch from Vryburg says volunteers have captured and burned the insurgents' stronghold at Gammesope. Lieut. Harris is among the killed.

Pittsburgh Mills Running.

PITTSBURGH (Pa.), April 8.—The strike still continues in full operation today. Beyer's mill is running single turn, many of the strikers refusing to go back at the reduction. The plant will be operated single turn until the old men decide to accept the reduced wages.

Brig.-Gen. Shafter.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Freshfield battery nominated Col. William F. Shafter of the First Infantry to be brigadier general.

SPAIN'S INHUMANITY.

HORRIBLE CRIMES COMMITTED IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Captured Insurgents Penned Up in a Corral and Shot by Spanish Soldiers.

EXECUTIONS ARE FREQUENT.

MANY NATIVE TROOPS ARE GOING OVER TO THE REBELS.

Spaniards Meeting Stubborn Resistance in Cavite—More Troops Appalled for Executions are Frequent Occurrences.

(By THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE.)

VICTORIA (B. C.), April 8.—[Special Dispatch.] Of all the crimes committed by the officials of Spain, in connection with that country's attempt to subdue the natives of the Philippines, none are worse than one recently committed on the Island of Guam, particulars of which were brought here from Yokohama on the steamship Empress of Japan. A short time before the departure of the steamer the Japanese schooner Minagawa arrived there. Her crew told a story which rivals any of those which have previously leaked out regarding the inhumanity of the Spanish officials. It was that 200 rebel prisoners from the vicinity of Manila were locked in a room which answers the purpose of a jail, while the Spanish guards stood outside, "firing through the walls of the 'jail,'" killed two-thirds of the unfortunate.

Later in December a Spanish steamer arrived off Guam Island with over four hundred rebels who had been captured in the vicinity of Manila and deported to this island. Although the head officials on the island pointed out that there were not enough guards and far too little food on the island, half of the rebel prisoners were landed and packed in a little box of prison. Hunger induced the prisoners after a few days to make a break for liberty and try to seize the Japanese schooner lying in the harbor and escape. The officials got warning of the contemplated break for liberty. The rebels were locked in the jail and at night Spanish guards commenced firing through the walls. Most of the prisoners escaped by lying close to the floor, but between forty and fifty paid the penalty with their lives for contemplating escape.

The Spaniards were not satisfied, and next night the slaughter was repeated, and so again on the third night. During the three nights fully two-thirds of the prisoners were murdered. Those who escaped the bullets did so by lying crouched beneath the bodies of their dead companions.

The men on the schooner got the story from residents of the little town in which the prison is situated. The men in the prison were injured, but it is said the levee was suffered as probably the weakest part of the Louisiana system came through unscathed. This has given the water-side dwellers hope, and they will make a gallant effort to hold the banks.

THE REPUBLIC ALARMED.

URUGUAYAN TROOPS DISPERSED BY SARAIWA'S REBELS.

Lamas Marching on Monos—Six Thousand of the National Guard to Be Mobilized—The Head of a Brazilian Commander to Be Used as Ensign for Fanatics.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, April 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from Montevideo says that the republic is greatly alarmed at the failure of the government to suppress the rebellion. The administration officials admit that the news from the front is unfavorable. The government column under Munoz has been dispersed by Saraiwa. Lamas is now said to be marching on Monos.

The revenue from customs for the last six months is \$1,240,000 less than for the preceding six months. Several deputies have made a demand upon the chamber that the President shall change his present policy. Saraiwa, the Brazilian rebel chief, is at San Luis, the capital of the frontier province of Chaco, and is marching toward the central part of the republic. The government troops were defeated with heavy loss at Trecinta y Tres. The government has issued a call for the immediate mobilization of 6000 troops of the National Guard.

The Herald's correspondent in Rio Janeiro telegraphs that Saraiwa's forces will use the head of Col. Moreira y Caesar, the Brazilian commander killed by the fanatics, as an ensign for his troops when in action. The garrison will be carried in the van of the religious insurrectionists transfigured by a pike. The fanatics continue to gain ground in Bahia and Alagoas, and are making their inroads into other States. They pillage and burn all villages which they enter and commit many atrocities.

A serious fall in the price of coffee has taken place in Brazil.

PRACTICALLY IN POSSESSION.

MONTEVIDEO, April 8.—The revolutionary party now practically possess the whole of Eastern Uruguay. They collect the customs of the Brazilian frontier. An increased force of blancos (white revolutionists) is within a short distance of the city.

The rebel forces under Alex Rodriguez and Castillo are active in the Avana provinces. They again attacked Guines Monday, took several fortifications, and set the Spanish barracks on fire.

CUBAN ADVICES.

Insurgents Shell and Capture Two Forts—Guines Sacked.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

NEW YORK, April 8.—A special to the Journal from Havana says that a large insurgent force recently appeared in front of Fort No. 11, protecting the railway line between Cabo Rojo and Remedios, and opened fire with cannon. One of the shells fell in the middle of the fort, killing seven men and wounding ten, the rest escaping. The insurgents, then dynamited the railway bridge, interrupting communication between the cities. They also attacked Fort No. 12, forcing its surrender and securing arms and ammunition.

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RIVERA REPORTED RESCUED.

KEY WEST (Fla.), April 8.—News was received at 11:30 a.m. today that Cuban insurgents had made an attack on the train upon which Gen. Rivera was being taken from San Cristobal to Havana. Reports say that the insurgents were successful in their attack, and that Gen. Rivera was freed. It is impossible to get a confirmation or denial of the report in a statement by the Minister to the effect that at no time did the Spanish government or General Weyler had any idea of shooting Rivera.

STILL AT CRISTOBAL.

HAVANA, April 8.—Gen. Ruiz Rivera still remains at San Cristobal. He is recovering from his wounds. In the event of a summary trial, it is not likely that he will be sentenced, but he will be held as a prisoner of war.

PRICE WAS ALLISON.

CINCINNATI (O.), April 8.—A special to the Journal from the City of Mexico says: "It is publicly announced here today that Thomas C. Price, an American who died here, has been identified as Thomas Nixon Allison, a prominent real estate broker of Philadelphia, who died from that city to Mexico five years ago. He was the son of George W. Allison, who had any idea of shooting Rivera."

MELTON RECOVERING.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The State Department has been informed that the health of Owen Melton, one of the Competitor prisoners, which had been reported to be very bad, is now much improved. When he has recovered completely an effort will be made to separate him from those of the other prisoners on the ground that he was a newspaper man and not a comrade, and secure his release.

SEARCHING FOR BUSBARS.

JACKSONVILLE (Fla.), April 8.—The revenue cutter Boutwell is in full operation today. Beyer's mill is running single turn, many of the strikers refusing to go back at the reduction. The plant will be operated single turn for the next tribunal to consider.

WHISKY and a Hot Box.

INDIANAPOLIS (Ind.), April 8.—A Indiana line steamship Assay, Capt. Caruthers, 3880 tons, with a general cargo from Liverpool to St. John, went ashore Monday afternoon in a thick fog about 10 miles from Seal Island. The crew had 16 boxes of whisky and 100 cases of rum. The trainmen escaped injury, but Capt. Grenshaw, sleeping in a car of the cars, was pinned to the burning floor and is in a serious condition.

INSURGENTS SURPRISED.

HAVANA, April 8.—The Genoa battalion, while reconnoitering in the vicinity of Encrucijada, province of Pinar del Rio, surprised the insurgents

force commanded by Perceo Delgado and the remainder of the force commanded by Ducassi. The enemy left eleven killed on the field, and the troops captured eight prisoners and a quantity of arms and ammunition. Delgado is reported to be seriously ill, and Ducassi is reported to have been seriously wounded on March 2. A detachment of the provincial garrison of Matanzas has captured Dr. Jose Ayo Govin, the auditor of the insurgent War Department.

IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Spaniards Meeting Stubborn Resistance in the Insurgents.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

VANCOUVER, April 8.—The steamer Empress of Japan arrived today from the Orient, after an uneventful trip. She had an unusually large number of Chinese, 759, and was consequently some time at the quarantine station. Among the Chinese is a theatrical company, which will play at Nashville during the exhibition. The steamer brings the following advice:

Reliable information in regard to the operations of Spanish troops in the Philippines is still difficult to obtain. There is a superabundance of highly-colored reports appearing in the censored Spanish press, but the independent Hong Kong papers are of an entirely different character. The Spanish forces are meeting with stubborn resistance in Cavite, and it was believed many months would elapse before this province is cleared of rebels. The rebels continue to attack all convoys with arms and ammunition, and the movements of the royalist troops are in consequence greatly hampered. The captain-general has applied to the Spanish government for 6000 additional troops. The troops operating in the province of Cavite are suffering severely from disease. Executionary acts of frequent occurrence in Manila, and there are still eighty untried prisoners in jails, awaiting punishment. Large numbers of native troops are still going over to the rebels, and it is evident the rebels have received large supplies of provisions. At the battle of Salitran, fought on March 8, the Spanish general, Zabala, was killed.

THE FLOODED AREAS.

SITUATION IN THE MISSISSIPPI DELTA UNCHANGED.

Strenuous Efforts Being Made to The Ends of the Broken Levee at Flower Lake.

RATION DAY FOR REFUGEES.

MANY GREEDY NEGROES GRIEVIOUSLY DISAPPOINTED.

Louisiana Points Still Holding Their Own—Bayou La Fourche Crops Ruined—The Red River's Rise—Incidents.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

MEMPHIS (Tenn.), April 8.—Telegrams received tonight from the flooded areas of the Mississippi delta report the situation unchanged. A heavy rain, accompanied by a strong northwest wind, has prevailed all the afternoon. Information from the Flower Lake crevasse says the break is 1700 feet wide. Every effort is being made to the ends of the levee. The town of Lulu is entirely shut out, except by telegraph.

RECEIVER FOR DSEN.

NEW YORK, April 8.—John Chaplin, who under the name of Wesley Chaplin & Co. did a business similar to that of E. S. Dean & Co., has disappeared, and his office on New Street is closed. The Postmaster Department recently ordered that no mail was to be delivered to the firm. Chaplin's operations were not extensive. The run on all the bucket-shops in Wall street continues, and many of them have closed their doors.

UNBOTTLED SENSATIONS.

KANSAS LEGISLATIVE CIRCLES ARE MANIFESTLY CORRUPT.

Warden Landis Says Ex-Gov. Llewellyn Made a Proposition to Recommend the Purchase of Coal Lands—Bribe Offered for a Vote Against a Proposed Amendment.

(By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE.)

At Helena the river has fallen 2 ft. since the levee gave way on Sunday. The back water in the southern part of the city is at a minimum. Many food refugees are being taken to Helena, and the number in that city will now probably reach 3000. The Relief Committee is doing good work, and no complaints have been made. The river is falling at all points between Cairo and Helena.

LOUISIANA LEVEES INTACT.

NEW ORLEANS, April 8.—The flood wave has not yet given the Louisiana levees its fullest force, and the levees still average several feet above the river. The new more recent reports state that Tuesday night the levee little damage for the flood to do, and the weather holds more dread for the levee boards than the rising river.

Along Bayou La Fourche the vegetable crop is ruined, and many sub-levees are injured. It is said to be approximately 1000 feet long, and many sub-levees are injured. It is said to be probably the weakest part of the Louisiana system came through unscathed. This has given the water-side dwellers hope, and they will make a gallant effort to hold the banks.

THE POWER OF ICE.

GRAND FORKS (N. D.), April 8.—This has been a day of excitement. The ice has been gorging near the city, and only by the most daring and persistent efforts of the men engaged in destroying property. At one time the situation near the Great Northern Pacific bridges looked so threatening that structures were turned so as to allow an open way for the ice, and the approaches were weighed down by steel rails and old iron. Until after dark it was thought the ice would pass through the bridge.

SAFETY CONSTRUCTION'S FUSION.

GUTHRIE (Okla.), April 8.—Leo Vincent has resigned the chairmanship of the Populist party of Oklahoma. He was a leader in arranging the fusion by which he and the Socialist party of Sheridan county took the lead in voting for the Hackett amendment to the Railroad Bill. Several other wits testified as to rumors which they had heard, but there was no other direct testimony.

BOA CONSTRCTOR'S FUSION.

WICHITA (Kan.), April 8.—Leo Vincent

Los Angeles Daily Times.

COAST RECORDS

A CANNIBAL FEAST.

TRADE DUNCAN DOES DUTY AS THE BARBECUE.

New Hebrides Natives Tie Him Up for Three Days and Stuff Him Until Meaty.

HE WAS A PEACEABLE MAN.

THEREFORE DID NOT PULL HIS GUN ON THEM.

Another Yarn About Dunham Having Been Caught—Another Hawaiian Commissioner—Descendant of Boone Dead.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE) SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—[Special Dispatch.] News comes by Australian steamer tonight that the man-eater of the New Hebrides, the scene of more missionary sacrifice than almost any other group, in Oceanica, have again scored in the savage annals of the South Seas by atrocious murder. The news comes by steamer from Vila, the principal township of the islands.

The victim of the treacherous natives was an Englishman named S. Duncan, a young man, who some six months ago decided to try his luck in the New Hebrides, buying and selling copra. He went to Longaua, a village on Abua Island. Those Europeans who knew him say that he had the utmost confidence in the "boys" of Longaua, though he was often cautioned. In the night his own trusted "boys" pounced upon him. The letters state that this act was not a premeditated one. It was done on the sudden impulse "to have a sing-sing and a little cooked flesh."

They bound him and carried him into an open space, a sort of meeting ground bordered by huts forming the village of Longaua. It was daybreak of Sunday morning, toward the end of February, when, so far as is known, he was put in a sort of cage and his fettered limbs unbound. The demoniacal idea seems to have been to fatten him up as white people sometimes fatten poultry.

What the sufferings of this unfortunate victim were it would be almost impossible to describe during the three days which preceded his death. There he was, caged like an animal, in full possession of his faculties, watching the preparations that were being made for his martyrdom. At noon of the third day he was, after being stripped, clubbed, his head taken and the body roasted. The "sing-sing" then followed.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT.

(VICTORIA, B. C., April 8.)—Australian advises state that S. Duncan, a white trader who resided Sydney from Australia last year, met death in a very painful way while trading with natives of New Hebrides. He was tied up to a tree three days, being kept alive and forcibly stuffed with food. He was then cut down, killed and eaten, women joining joyfully in the cannibalistic feast. There was a great assemblage from the various groups of islands.

Duncan, it appears, was a single man, about 33 years of age. He was a peaceable man, and his friends at Sydney say he would not draw his revolver on that account. From those who know the New Hebrides has been collected the information that the natives are very treacherous, they having on several occasions dealt murderously with European vessels.

NEWS FROM HAWAII,

Dole's Government Still Pushing for Annexation—All Quiet.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

HONOLULU, April 1.—[By Steamship Monowai, to San Francisco, April 8.] President Dole gave out the information today that William A. Kinney, a legal lawyer, had been selected to go to Washington as an annexation commissioner. He is to leave here on the 7th inst. The mail on the 30th ult. brought this government some inside information on the annexation question, and it is expected that the important matter will be brought before the present session of Congress.

At present Attorney-General Smith and A. S. Hartwell are in Washington in the interests of political union. What they have accomplished, this government, alone, knows, and the officials decline to give out anything.

The steamship Gaelic, which is due to arrive here on the 3rd, will have on board the new Chinese embassy, on their way to Washington. The party is a large one, and the Gaelic is specially chartered by the Chinese government to carry them, so there will be no accommodations for other passengers.

When the Gaelic was chartered for the embassy, it was with the understanding that the 3rd day, they would be at this port to enable the party to pass a visit here. They will be appointed on arriving here to find the gates closed against them, for the Board of Health has decided that no vessel coming from an infected port can land passengers here until they have complied with the regulation requiring a two weeks' quarantine for a period of eighteen days.

C. A. Spreckels, who controls the Spreckelsville plantation, has discharged every white man on the place with the exception of two, and has put Orientals in the places of the dismissed men. An attempt to reduce expenses is given as the reason.

The M. M. Craig, which arrived on the 28th ult., fifteen days from Victoria, the missionary steamer Morning Star arrived one day later, forty-three days from the South Seas. There have been no new developments in the Japanese immigration trouble.

CRUISER PHILADELPHIA OFF.

SAN DIEGO, April 8.—The United States cruiser Philadelphia sailed for Honolulu today with Admiral Beardslee on board. The Thetis arrived from Lower California this morning.

On sailing on the Philadelphia, died today, two others are in a dying condition, and several others are dangerously ill. During the night they tapped a chest of wood alcohol and stole large quantities, which they mixed with eggs and condensed milk and drank.

PROMINENT PASSENGERS.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—Among the passengers on the steamship Monowai from Australia was the Most Reverend Lord Primate of Australia, William Saumarez Smith, D.D., who is on

his way to England. Emily Soldene, the opera singer, and Chief Justice A. F. Judd of the Hawaiian Supreme Court were also on board.

STEPHEN H. PHILLIPS DEAD.

SALEM (Mass.) April 8.—Stephen Henry Phillips, formerly State Attorney-General and at one time Consul to Hawaii and later adviser to the King of Hawaii, died at his home today, aged 74 years.

PACIFIC COAST UNDERWRITERS.

They Will Carry on Operations in Six New Districts.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The new Board of Underwriters of the Pacific is rapidly completing its working force. The entire Coast has been divided into six districts under assistant secretaries reporting to General Secretary Stillman in this city. These assistant secretaries have just been chosen: Alfred Stillman and E. F. Mohrhardt, who have control of districts A and B, including San Francisco, Central and Northern California, Nevada and Alaska; district C, comprising the southern counties of San Bernardino, Ventura, Los Angeles, San Bernardino, Orange, Riverside and San Diego and the Territory of Arizona, will be under J. H. Richards, with offices at Los Angeles; district D, comprising Oregon, Washington and Idaho, will be under H. E. Parkhurst, with headquarters at Portland; Oregon, comprising the State of Montana, will be under G. R. Gilbert at Butte City, and district F, comprising the State of Utah, will be under S. M. Donnell, with head offices at Salt Lake.

FILLED WITH WATER.

The Famous Altona Quicksilver Mine Is Flooded.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE)

REDDING, April 8.—[Special Dispatch.] Word has reached this city by Thomas Chegwidden of Cinnabar, Trinity county, that the famous quicksilver mine of that place known as the Altona, is filled with water, and all work suspended. Just as the workmen were completing their labors for the day at the bottom of the shaft last Friday, one of the miners threw a pick at what proved to be a thin vein of rock opening a small aperture through which a stream of water commenced to flow. The men at once ascended to the surface, and the big 10-in. Cornish pump was set to work at its full capacity. The surprise was great at the following morning when it was found that the water had not been kept down, but has risen to the third level, and had attained a depth of over 100 feet in the shaft. It then became evident that a gas leak in the fixture had been responsible admitting an artesian flow of water, and that work in the mine must be suspended. A large pumping apparatus will be put in, and it is expected work may be resumed within a month. The Altona is one of the heaviest Cinnabar producers of the world, and its production would satisfy a heavy outlay to overcome the present obstacles.

A DUNHAM MYTH.

A Miner Arrested for Assault Is Identified as the Murderer.

(COULTERVILLE, April 8.—The authorities believe they have captured Murderer Dunham, who killed his wife, his father-in-law and four others at San José, and for whom the police and sheriffs of the entire country are on the lookout. Late last night a miner made a drunken assault on a companion at the mines, six miles distant. He was arrested by Deputy Sheriff Butler, and brought to jail here. Subsequently the prisoner was identified as Dunham by Dr. T. P. Koenig, who is in practice here, and by Frank Bruschi, a local merchant. Both Dunham and Bruschi occupied a room next to Dunham at Santa Clara. Each is positive in his identification.

HORRIBLE FATE OF ENGINEER HANBRICH AT SAN FRANCISCO.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—William Hanbrich, engineer of the Golden Gate Water Works, met with a sudden and tragic death this afternoon while attempting to stop a runaway horse which had jumped over a fence. As he approached him, evidently intending to grasp the bridle, but misjudged the speed at which it was moving, and was struck violently, either by the shaft of the cart or the wheel. It is not known which, and his brains were dashed out, killing him almost instantly. The driver, Peter Roy, was also seriously injured. Hanbrich was 28 years old today.

MIZNER'S CLAIM CUT.

The Doctor Gets Pay Only for Attainment on Fair.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The case of C. B. Logan, the alleged murderer of the Indian, "Jim" King, commenced yesterday morning in Dayton, Nev. After his arrest Logan was liberated by Justice of the Peace Hawkins, whereupon the Indians threatened to burn the town of Yerington and scalp the whites if justice was not accorded them. A delegation called upon Judge Mack, who caused the rearrest of Logan and thus averted an Indian war.

So far two Indian women have testified they were not the ones who organized the plot that Logan and another party followed them for some distance, and that King went along as their protector. When Logan overtook the squaws, King protested, and was struck on the head with a bar of iron, from the effects of which he died. The Indians are in constant attendance at the trial and manifest extreme interest.

GREAT-GRANDSON OF BOONE.

Death of Pioneer Albert G. Boone at Napa.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

NAFA, April 8.—This afternoon Albert G. Boggs died at the family residence on Third street, from paralysis of long standing. Deceased was one of Napa's most prominent citizens and oldest residents. He was the great-grandson of Daniel Boone of early Kentucky fame. His age was 66 years, and he came to California in 1846, and to Napa in 1850. He became treasurer of Napa county in 1868, and held the office twelve years.

CLARK'S ROAD BILL.

It Interferes with the Plans of Some County Supervisors.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SANTA ROSA, April 8.—The Clark Road Bill, recently approved by Gov. Budd, which takes the control and management of roads out of the hands of Supervisors, is creating much discussion and comment here. The Sonoma Supervisors recently purchased a number of road sprinklers and made preparations to do systematic work. They claim that this will greatly diminish the cost of their plan, and will permanent road-building, and set the county back thirty years in progress.

Many think the new law unconstitutional, because it conflicts with the County Government Act.

ORIENTAL GLEANINGS.

Story of a Horrible Murder from Bangkok—Other Notes.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

VANCOUVER (B. C.), April 8.—The steamer Empress of Japan brings advice that for his services while attending upon Mr. Destrin the rank of a naval rear admiral premier button, which only two other foreigners have had the honor of receiving, namely, the late Gen. Gordon and Sir Robert Hart.

The steamer Clamorganshire, which

was wrecked at Roslyn reef, about thirty miles from Cape St. James, while on a voyage from Hongkong to Salagon, will prove a total loss.

The story of a horrible murder comes from Bangkok. A young girl was caught in the act of eloping with her lover, and confined in cages with relatives, who broke every bone in her body as punishment. The woman lingered in fearful agony fourteen days. Two men and a woman were sentenced to death for her murder, and were beheaded. The execution was most barbarous affair. The headsman was drunk, and the convicted wretches were slashed in the most fearful manner before death relieved them of their sufferings.

SHOT HIM TWICE.

John Madden Wounds John Bruce in the Thigh and Left Leg.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

MARYSVILLE, April 8.—A shooting affray took place at Pennington, a small town in the northern part of this county, this afternoon at 3 o'clock, in which John Bruce was shot by John Madden. His condition is critical. The two men quarreled in the store, and Madden drew his pistol and fired twice, one bullet entering the right thigh, ranging around the abdomen and lodging in the left thigh. The other entered the shoulder. Bruce was severely wounded, and from reports could not state what his chances of recovery were. The Sheriff has Madden in charge.

Both men are well known in the county. Bruce is a young man, unmarried, and Madden middle-aged, a blacksmith by trade. The neighborhood in which Madden and several young men of the town have been mixed up in during the past

Madden several months ago applied for warrants for the arrest of several parties for disturbing his peace, but was persuaded to let the matter drop. The latest report given is that Bruce is resting easily.

GAS AND GASOLINE.

Flames of the One Explode the Other and Fire Follows.

(BY THE TIMES' SPECIAL WIRE)

REDDING, April 8.—[Special Dispatch.] Word has reached this city by Thomas Chegwidden of Cinnabar, Trinity county, that the famous quicksilver mine of that place known as the Altona, is filled with water, and all work suspended. Just as the workmen were completing their labors for the day at the bottom of the shaft last Friday, one of the miners threw a pick at what proved to be a thin vein of rock opening a small aperture through which a stream of water commenced to flow. The men at once ascended to the surface, and the big 10-in. Cornish pump was set to work at its full capacity. The surprise was great at the following morning when it was found that the water had not been kept down, but has risen to the third level, and had attained a depth of over 100 feet in the shaft. It then became evident that a gas leak in the fixture had been responsible admitting an artesian flow of water, and that work in the mine must be suspended. A large pumping apparatus will be put in, and it is expected work may be resumed within a month. The Altona is one of the heaviest Cinnabar producers of the world, and its production would satisfy a heavy outlay to overcome the present obstacles.

EXHIBITS FOR HAMBURG.

Every Conceivable Kind of California Products Going Over.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—Fire in St. Nicholas Hotel this morning damaged the building and contents of the drugstore in the building to the extent of \$50,000. The fire broke out in the drugstore, owned by George Carroll, which is the store in which Eugene Ware was mysteriously murdered. The night clerk had unintentionally left a burning cigarette near a bottle containing gasoline. The flame communicated with the fumes of the gasoline and the result was an explosion which soon ignited the combustible contents of the drugstore.

A series of explosions occurred, and the flames spread to the living room of the hotel overhead, but the prompt response of the fire department checked the flames in time to save the hotel.

ANOTHER APPEAL FOR DURANT.

(SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The stormers for Durant for a writ of error.

The petition was denied, and the attorneys will now appeal direct to the United States Supreme Court for a stay of execution pending the preparation of papers for an appeal.

COLLIS'S CONTROL CONTINUED.

Southern Pacific Directors Vote to Keep "Uncle" in His Job.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—The directors of the Southern Pacific Railroad today reflected the officers of the company by unanimous vote to add:

President, C. P. Huntington; first vice-president, C. F. Crocker; second vice-president, Thomas H. Hubbard; acting vice-president and assistant to the president, Henry E. Huntington; acting vice-president and assistant secretary, L. E. Gates of New York; second assistant to the president and controller, William Mahl of New York; secretary and assistant controller, E. C. Keeler of New York; chief engineer, William Hood; treasurer, N. T. Smith; assistant treasurer, F. H. Davis.

HIS BRAINS DASHED OUT.

Horrible Fate of Engineer Hanbrich at San Francisco.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—William Hanbrich, engineer of the Golden Gate Water Works, met with a sudden and tragic death this afternoon while attempting to stop a runaway horse which had jumped over a fence. As he approached him, evidently intending to grasp the bridle, but misjudged the speed at which it was moving, and was struck violently, either by the shaft of the cart or the wheel. It is not known which, and his brains were dashed out, killing him almost instantly. The driver, Peter Roy, was also seriously injured. Hanbrich was 28 years old today.

A.O.U.W. Master Workman.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 8.—William Winter was this afternoon reelected Grand Master Workman of the A.O.U.W. Lodge.

CHRISTIAN YOUNGWOMEN.

INTERNATIONAL CONVENTION IN SESSION AT DETROIT.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

Delegates Present from All Parts of the United States and Canada.

Officers Elected—Reports of the Standing Committees.

(BY ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE)

DETROIT (Mich.), April 8.—Many young women, prominent in various lines of Christian educational work, are among the one hundred odd delegates to the sixtieth biennial convention of the International Association of the Young Women's Christian Association of the United States and Canada, which met this afternoon in the Woodward-avenue Baptist Church. After devotional exercises by Rev. James McGary of Boston, the Nominating Committee reported the following officers, who were confirmed: President, Mrs. L. D. Wishard, New York; vice-presidents, Mrs. F. E. McRee, Indianapolis, and Mrs. John Harvey, Toronto; secretaries, Misses Eva Severs and Thirza Ham, Chicago.

Mrs. Wishard took the chair and read the report of the International Committee by the chairman, Mrs. F. T. West of Chicago. It called attention to the separate specialization of the city and college work the past two years, and reported enlarged fields of usefulness for the secretaries of the departments.

The committee asked for \$15,000 for work among the colleges and schools.

It reported a decrease in the number of students, 22 associations having gone out of the 300 which were in existence.

ST. PAUL (Minn.), April 8.—After litigation unprecedented in this State, Judge Bunne of the District Court has ruled decisions in the "bank cases."

Following the suspension of the Bank of Minnesota, the Germania and Allendale banks, many depositors applied for an order that their money and checks be returned to them.

In the case of the Bank of Minnesota, Judge Bunne examined the question of the insolvency of the bank previous to December 22, when it failed.

He finds that the bank had persistently violated the State banking law; that the officers had been receiving gifts.

He gives the full knowledge of the bank's insolvency, and that the guilty knowledge gives to its depositors the right to get their money if they can trace it to the receivers.

With regard to each of the

CIRCULATION.

Sworn Weekly Statement of the Circulation of the Los Angeles Times.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.

Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superintendent of circulation of The Times, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily bona fide editions of The Times for each day of the week ended April 5, 1897, were as follows:

Total for the week.....	131,140
Daily average for the week.....	18,734

[Signed] HARRY CHANDLER.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of April, 1897.

THOMAS L. CHAPIN,

Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.

NOTE.—THE TIMES is a seven-day paper. The above aggregate, viz., 131,140 copies, is issued by us during the seven days of the past week, would, if apportioned on the basis of a six-day evening paper, give a daily average of 21,850 copies.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the NET CIRCULATION of the medium which seeks their business, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

LINERS.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

To CONSUMERS OF COAL. PLEASE BEAR in mind that the genuine Black Diamond coal is only sold by the coal dealers who purchase from the Crescent Coal Company, who own the Black Diamond mines. All other coal is sold by second hand dealers in quality to the original Black Diamond. Ask your dealers for the original Black Diamond coal.

BOSTON DYE WORKS.

Gentlemen, have your clothes cleaned and pressed at our latest improved French dry process, which does not shrink or put the clothes out of shape. Tailoring department in connection for repairing and altering. Address, 102 S. Second st. and 26 New High st. Tel. main 454. 9

"GENES FROM ITALY AND GREECE," stereopticon views and descriptive lecture by REV. WM. JOHNSTON, at First Presbyterian Church, 20th and Figueroa, Friday evenings.

Collection, \$1.00.

OLD GOLD, SILVER, WATCHES, DIAMONDS, jewelry, etc., bought for cash at highest price or exchanged. ATLEE & SNELL, 2024 S. Broadway, room 218. 10

STRAW HATS CLEANED AND DYED ALL colors. BOSTON DYE WORKS, 119 W. Second st. and 25 New High st. Tel. main 454. 9

LOS ANGELES STEAM CARPET-CLEANING Co.: M. F. BENNETT, Prop. Office and works, 239 E. Second st. Tel. main 747.

LIST YOUR VACANT ROOMS AND HOUSES with the help of agents selected by the RENTAL AGENCY, 221 Bulard Block. 10

TO LET—WINDOWS FOR FIESTA PARADE; best view in the city. Address E. box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 13

PIANO TUNING, ETC.—FINE REPAIRING A specialty. J. E. NEALIN, 102 S. Spring St., Jewelry Store. 10

DR. HARRIET J. T. HILTON HAS REMOVED her office to her residence, 1028 S. Hill St. 10

JAMES MARSH, WINDOW-GLASS AND REPAIRING. 426 W. SEVENTH. Tel. main 1477.

JAMES MARSH, RESETTING GLASS A Specialty. 102 W. Second st. Tel. main 1477.

WALL-PAPER, \$1.12-FT. ROOM, 100 GRAINS \$3 borders included. Walter 5th St. 9

CUT-RATE TALLY-HO, 12 PASSENGERS, \$7 per day. 516 W. SEVENTH ST. 9

DO YOU KNOW
THAT THE TIMES
IS ONLY

ONE CENT PER WORD

For "Liner" advertisements? No advertisement taken for less than fifteen cents.

WANTED—Help, Male.

MUMMEL BROS. & CO., EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-301 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 569.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Jewish clerk, general merchandise store, \$25 to \$30 etc.; young man, ranch, land in part, pay buggy-washer, \$20 etc.; scraper washer, \$1.75 per day; raw hand milk, \$1.00 per quart; raw hand ranch hand, \$15 etc.; milker and herd, \$20 etc.; orchard hand, \$15 etc.; mad of all work, \$20 etc.; ranch hand, \$15 etc.; butcher-maker, \$20 etc.; hands long job, \$1 etc.

MEIN'S HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Second cook, hotel, cook, \$20 etc.; colored waiter, \$15 etc.; hotel help, please call.

HOUSEHOLD DEPARTMENT.

Cook for family and men on ranch, near sea, \$15 per week; cook for ranch, \$20; employee help, housekeeper; best of city references; beach country preferred. S. Hill St. 9

WANTED—A LADY WHO IS A FIRST-CLASS VOCALIST AND MEDIAN PIANIST, something to do in order to pay expenses. Address E. box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 9

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT teacher of vocal music would give lessons in private, vocal room. Address E. box 19, TIMES OFFICE. 10

WANTED—A SITUATION OF SOME KIND by a young man of good character. Address A. C. TIMES OFFICE, Pasadena. 9

WANTED—FIVE HUNDRED PLACES FOR GOOD cooks and bakers, housewives, etc. Address E. box 19, TIMES OFFICE. 10

WANTED—EDITORIAL POSITION, COUNTRY paper preferred. Address W. box 91, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—WILL DO YOUR CARPENTER work for \$3 per day. 86 S. OLIVE.

WANTED—Situations, Female.

WANTED—BY WIDOW WITH BOY 4 years old, a situation; is a good worker and housekeeper; best of city references; beach country preferred. S. Hill St. 9

WANTED—A LADY WHO IS A FIRST-CLASS VOCALIST AND MEDIAN PIANIST, something to do in order to pay expenses. Address E. box 14, TIMES OFFICE. 9

WANTED—A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT teacher of vocal music would give lessons in private, vocal room. Address E. box 19, TIMES OFFICE. 10

WANTED—DRESSES MADE BY A FASHIONABLE dressmaker, from \$3 up. Apply at 630 MONTREAL ST. 10

WANTED—A LADY GOING EAST WILL give services for ticket. Address E. box 8, MONTREAL ST. 10

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, POSITION housekeeper. Apply 10 to 4, room 2, 108 W. THIRD ST. 9

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO DRIVE DE-luxury wagon, light work, small salary; permanent position to right party. 310 S. LOS ANGELES ST. 9

WANTED—A YOUNG SINGLE MAN FOR work, orange grove; one accustomed to handling horses. Address E. box 31, TIMES OFFICE. 10

WANTED—GOOD HUSTLERS TO PUSH A good thing; extraordinary inducements. 22 BURDICK BLOCK. 9

WANTED—A1—EXPERIENCED ACCIDENT INSURANCE AGENT. Address Z. box 95, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—A VIOLINIST TO PLAY 2 or 3 hours per day. Address E. box 48, TIMES OFFICE. 9

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS COAT-MAKERS at once. NICOLL, THE TAILOR, 134 S. Spring St. 9

WANTED—GOOD COAT-MAKERS IN MERCHANT tailoring department. JACOBY BRO. 9

WANTED—To Rent.

WANTED—AN UNFURNISHED HOUSE OF 7 or 8 rooms (cottage preferred), with yard, in southwest part of the city; must be in first-class neighborhood; house must be modern in every respect; porcelain bathtub, tinted or patterned walls, etc., and in 1 order. Call 14, address, with full particulars. C. H. HANLEY, 1 S. Broadway. 10

WANTED—A FOUR OR FIVE-ROOM COTTAGE, furnished close in; state location and rent. Address P. O. BOX 508, city. 9

WANTED—Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—SOLICITORS FOR LIGHT BUSINESS. S. B. GREGORY, 350 S. Broadway. 11

WANTED—Infants cared for. LACE curtains laundered. 732 S. OLIVE.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—COFFAGE ON HILLS CLOSE IN. \$1000-\$2000 trade will assume balance. Address E. box 44, TIMES OFFICE. 11

WANTED—Partners.

WANTED—Help, Female.

WANTED.

WANTED—WOMEN OPERATORS FOR overall and shirt factory; piece work desired; must be run by power; experienced hands preferred. M. COHN & CO., 318-320 N. Los Angeles st. 9

WANTED—TURNERS AND STITCHERS ON collars and cuffs; also apprentices; steady work after 12 m. Address WINEBURGH MFG. CO., 118 W. Second st. 9

WANTED—LADIES TO TALK UP OUR establishment among acquaintances; no peddling; good pay. Address W. I. box 4, TIMES OFFICE. 9

WANTED—A GIRL OR WOMAN OPERATOR FOR a garment factory; piece work desired; must be run by power. M. COHN & CO., 318-320 N. Los Angeles st. 9

WANTED—HOUSEKEEPER WITH SOME capital to take an interest in first-class commercial hotel. Address E. box 56, H. PRESTON, trustee, 217 New High st. 9

WANTED—A WOMAN TO DISTRIBUTE printed matter; good walker; \$1 per day and car fare. Address W. I. box 57, TIMES OFFICE. 9

WANTED—A DRESSMAKER'S APPRENTICE; one who understands running machine; apply room 23, HOTEL BROADWAY. 9

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GENERAL HOUSE work; good homes. STATION F EMPLOYMENT, 522 W. Washington. Phone west 91.

WANTED—GIRL TO GO TO GENERAL HOUSE work; must go home at night. 727 W. S. ENTRE ST. 9

WANTED—COMPETENT WAIST MAINTAINER. At once. B. E. MARTIN, 330 S. Broadway. 9

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS TRIMMER; also first-class millinery salesladies. Apply PEOPLE'S STORE. 9

WANTED—GIRL TO GO TO GENERAL HOUSE work; must go home at night. 727 W. S. ENTRE ST. 9

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY. A FIRST-CLASS trimmer at "THE IDEAL" 155 E. Colorado st. Pasadenas. 9

WANTED—ENERGETIC LADIES AT 210 HOTEL BROADWAY. Second and Broadway. Salary \$10 per week. 9

WANTED—FRENCH-SPEAKING NURSE AT 107 S. SCOTT & MISS MCARTHY'S, 107 S. BROADWAY. 9

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSE work; must go home at night. 727 W. S. ENTRE ST. 9

WANTED—GIRL TO GO TO GENERAL HOUSE work; must go home at night. 727 W. S. ENTRE ST. 9

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WANTED—G

**Reliable
Business Houses
Of Los Angeles.**

A CUT IN COAL, \$9.50, \$9.
A hand-picked Southwell Wellington, \$9.50; hand-picked Black Diamond, \$9 per ton; cord wood \$7.25. C. E. PRICE,
8th and Olive. Phone M. 573.

ALWAYS ON CALL For any
books, or examinations, Day or even-
ing. Secretary's work for corpora-
tions, special reports, etc. H. O. PEXTER,
Expert Accountant, 324 Byrne Bidg.

A ORDER or Orange TREES
On sale! Can be had at 25¢
each, nice. Now is the time to
plant. Drop me a postal for further
particulars. E. R. MESERVE, 633 S. 8th way.

ASSAYING--REFINING.

MORGAN & CO., Rooms 200-201 Wilson
Block, Los Angeles. Examine and
test in mines, purchase bullion, do
assaying and ore testing. Write for terms.

BEN. WHITE, WEST FIRST ST.
Acting manager building houses
rented, rents collected, etc. paid
full charge taken of property for resi-
dents or non-residents. Bargains in homes.

BEST PIANO MONEY CAN
The Kimball--the peer in tone, finish
and lasting quality. Made on honor;
sold on honor. BARRETT MUSIC
HOUSE Sole Agents, 233 South Spring St.

BICYCLES, THE RAMBLER.
New 1897 "rambler" \$20.00.
New 1897 "rambler" \$20.00.
Handsome and perfect. H. O. HAINES,
419-421 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

CARPETS Cleaned by improved
methods; no tearing, fading,
carpet, kill mites and moths at
small cost. CITY STEAM CARPEI
CLEANING CO., 456 South Broadway.

CIRCULARS 5000--\$2.50.
I will write the matter and print you
5000 circulars for \$2.50; but you're go-
to give me a little time for the orders.
J. C. NEWITT, 324 Stimson Building.

CITY DYE WORKS, PHONE
551. Clean clothes, dyes all kinds of fab-
rics to your satisfaction. No failures.
Quick delivery. Phone or Postal.
348 South Broadway.

DENTISTRY BY THE YEAR.
Dr. M. E. Spinks signs a contract to
keep your teeth in order by the year;
\$5 and up according to the teeth. N.
E. Cor. 5th and Hill Sts. Phone Black 1165.

ELECTRIC BELLS \$3.00.
We put an electric bell on your door
We are ready to wire. All kinds of
electric work at proportionate prices.
CLEMENS ELECTRIC WORKS, 454 South
Broadway. Phone 227.

FARMERS READ THIS.

My stock of Farming Machinery in-
cludes the most Improved Mowers,
Headers, Threshers, Plows and every-
thing. D. FREEMAN, 323 S. Spring St.

FREE, FREE, FEET, FEELS FREE,
With every 50 feet of Garden Hose
We will give you best and price, well
here it is. 6¢, 12¢, and the per foot.
JOHNSON MUSKER, 113 N. Main.

HAY BUYERS, HERE!
Barley or Hay, scale weight, \$5.00
ton. This is your chance and good
only for a short time. C. FREEMAN,
812 South Main Street.

ICE CREAM, \$1.00 GALLON
DELIVERED.

Lots of one gallon or more. The best
and purest cream the market has
to offer. To order, call on BILLINGS &
MERIMAN, phone Main 473, 157 S. Spring St.

ITALIAN OLIVE OIL. Phone
130. We sell fine Imported Italian Oil for \$1.00
a gallon; ½ gal. \$1; 1 qt. 60¢. Think it
over. Phone 130.

KURE FOR KOLDS, KOUGHS
Kut-Koff is guaranteed to cure colds.
No medicine is better. You're ready to
give your money back if it don't. W.C.
BANK, druggist, 300 South Main.

PANORAMA STABLES. Phone
547. Have swell turn-outs and handsome
horses. Register for a tally-ho trip.
It's the cheapest and best way to see
the country. 329 South Main Street.

RING UP 15H FOR FISH,
Poultry, game or oysters. We have
just what you want. We'll supply
the fish, the shell-fish, the oysters.
BROADWAY FISH CO., 316 S. Broadway.

ROOMS, 137 S. Broadway.
Single or en suite, day, week or month;
five cents, \$1.00 a week and up; special
attention to transients; new manage-
ment; convenient to town.

R. CUT-RATE TICKETS TO ALL
EASTERN POINTS. We will buy your ticket or
exchange it for one you want. LEB-
MAN'S TICKET AGENCY, 211 South
Spring Street. Phone M. 822.

TENTS AT CATALINA
Furnished with every convenience.
Terms more reasonable than hotels.
Write for particulars. A. W. SWAN-
FIELD, 250 South Main St., Los Angeles.

THE MORGAN OYSTER CO.
We pack the "Eagle Brand" Oysters.
You know them--know they're good.
Fish promptly delivered. Phone 188.
229 South Main Street. Try us.

TO MEASURE SUITS \$15.
The suits I make for \$15 are equal to
the \$20 ones advertised at a cheap
style, fit, color. Won't done until
promised. S. R. KELLY, 323 S. Broadway.

WALL PAPER CHEAP.
Latest ideas of quality, color, pat-
tern. Some at 3¢ a roll. Estimates
quickly furnished. N.Y. Wall
Paper House, 305 S. Spring St. Phone 207.

WHITMAN HAY PRESSES
Heavy, size 17x22, full circle, steel
none better. Send for circular.
MATTHEWS IMPLEMENT CO., 120 to
124 S. Los Angeles Street.

WOOD CARPET, \$1 YARD.
Never wears out, polished, can be
easily cleaned, can be laid on oldest
floor in town. See it. JNO. SMITH,
707 South Broadway.

Advertisements in this Column.
Terms and information can be had of
J. C. NEWITT, 324-325 Stimson Building.

Lee Held to Answer.

William Lee appeared before Justice
Owens yesterday to answer to a charge
of assault with a deadly weapon. The
complaint was sworn to by Herbert
Ross, who said that Lee and he had
been drinking when Lee had suddenly
entered Lee's garden; and that
one day Lee, during an argument over
the cow, chased Ross out of the gar-
den with an ax. Justice Owens held Lee
over to appear in the Superior Court,
his bond being fixed in the sum of \$1,000.
The bond has already been furnished.

WILSHIRE Boulevard tract. Sales over
\$25,000 this month.

VACY STEER'S foot powder cures sick feet.

BRYAN TAKES A TUMBLE.

THE BOY ORATOR MEETS WITH A SERIOUS MISHAP.

While Orating at St. Augustine, Fla., the Platform Collapsed and He Was Picked Up Unconscious. Many People Injured.

[By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE]

ST. AUGUSTINE (Fla.) April 8.—Hon. William Jennings Bryan was in-
jured here this afternoon by the caving-in of the plaza from which he was speak-
ing. Nearly four hundred men and women were precipitated about twenty feet to the ground, and many of them were injured, but none fatally. Mr. Bryan was picked up unconscious and removed to a physician's office, where an examination revealed that he had received no injuries of serious character. It was deemed best, however, to abandon the reception which was to have been given this evening.

Mr. Bryan arrived here at 4:50 o'clock and was greeted at the station by several hundred people. At 8:30 o'clock, he addressed fully 3000 people from the plaza of the San Marco Hotel. At the close of his speech hundreds of people fledged about him, and it was then so great was the strain that one section of the plaza, forty feet square, fell through.

MOSLEM MASSACRES.

TWO THOUSAND PERSONS PUT TO DEATH AT TOKAT.

Fresh Outrages of This Devilish Character Expected—Turkish Guards All Along the Syrian Coast to Prevent Armenians from Escaping.

[By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE]

PROVIDENCE (R. I.) April 8.—Re-
turns received today indicate that the
Republican candidate for Governor, Gen. Dyer, was given a plurality of
more than ten thousand votes. The
Republicans have a large majority in
both houses of the General Assembly, and a majority of sixty-seven in grand
committees.

NO REvolt in PORTO RICO.

MADRID, April 8.—Official denial
has been issued to the report that a
revolt against the Spanish government
has broken out in the Island of Porto Rico.

A FIGHTING PRISONER.

DEPUTY CONSTABLE MUGGENIUS'S HARD TUSSE WITH A NEGRO.

A Colored Man Beats a Woman, Knocks Down an Officer and is Finally Handcuffed and Jailed After a Hard Struggle.

[By ASSOCIATED PRESS WIRE]

LONDON, April 8.—[By Atlantic Ca-
ble.] The Daily Chronicle published to-
day an extract from a letter written by an
occasional correspondent in Asia
Minor, declaring that 2000 persons have
perished by Moslem massacres in Tok-
at, and that fresh outrages, probably
as devilish, are expected.

The Kaimalid Regiment has recently
been moved, and it is believed it is going
to Erzeroum. All along the Syrian
coast have been placed guards of Turkish
soldiers to prevent the Armenians from
escaping. Those at Zeitoun are
read to rise, and says the Chronicle
correspondent, war seems inevitable.

WANTED A MONOPOLY.

Irregular Proposition of the Illinois
Steel Company of Chicago.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—The Navy
Department received today but one bid
in answer to the advertisement calling
for propositions for supplying 8000 tons
of armor for the three battleships, Illino-
is, Wisconsin and Alabama, and it was irregular.

The Illinois Steel Company, Chicago,
proposed to supply 8000 tons of
armor at \$260 a ton on condition that it
be given a twenty-year contract to supply
all naval armor. In such case the
remainder of the armor could be sup-
plied at \$40 per ton, the armor to be paid
for in gold coin.

The alternative proposition con-
templates the erection of an armor plant by
the government, and its supply with
steel by the Illinois Company.

The Illinois Company has offered to
pay the expenses of erecting the plant.

The Alternative proposition con-
templates the erection of an armor plant by
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The Times-Mirror Company,

PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times, Daily, Sunday and Weekly

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MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER.....Secretary.

ALBERT McFARLAND.....Treasurer.

Office: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Counting Room, first floor (telephone 29.) Subscription Department, basement (telephone 27.) Editorial Rooms, second and third floors (telephone 674.)

PRINCIPAL EASTERN AGENT.....E. KATZ, 230 TEMPLE COURT BUILDING, NEW YORK.

Founded Dec. 4, 1881.

The Los Angeles Times

Every Morning in the Year.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT SERVICE—OVER 20,000 MILES OF LEASED WIRES.
DAILY AND SUNDAY, 75 cents a month, or \$6.00 a year; DAILY WITHOUT SUNDAY, \$7.50
a year; SUNDAY, \$2.00; WEEKLY, \$1.30.Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1895—15,111
Sworn Net Average Daily Circulation for 12 Mos. of 1896—18,091

Exceeding the net circulation of any other two Los Angeles daily papers.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as second-class mail matter.

AMUSEMENTS TONIGHT.

LOS ANGELES—Glimmerdale.
BURBANK—The Glendale Slave.
OPERAHOUSE—Vaudeville.

JAPAN'S NEW COINAGE LAW.

The new coinage law recently enacted in Japan will go into operation on the first day of October next. It makes some radical changes in the currency system of that country, and its operation will be watched with unusual interest by financiers and economists all over the world. The New York Tribune summarizes the more important provisions of the new law as follows:

"The unit of value is to be the gold yen, containing 11.574 grains troy, and worth about half as much as the old gold yen, which was permanently rated at 97.7 cents United States money. The new gold coinage will consist of pieces of 5, 10 and 20 yen, no 1-yen pieces being coined. The 10-yen piece will, in round numbers, be reckoned equal to \$5 United States or £1 British, its actual value being between the two, namely, \$4.985. In silver there will be pieces of 10, 20 and 50 sen; 100 sen being equal to 1 yen. In nickel there will be pieces of 5 sen, and in copper pieces of 1 sen and of 5 rin, 10 rin making 1 sen. Gold coins are to be 900 fine and silver 800 fine, the alloy being copper. Nickel coins are to be one-fourth nickel and three-fourths copper, and copper coins 950 parts copper, 40 tin and 10 zinc. Gold will be unlimited legal tender, silver to the amount of 10 yen, and nickel and copper, 1 yen."

Although, as above stated, the law is to go into effect on October 1, next, the coinage of 1-yen silver pieces is to be stopped at once, or as soon as the orders now on hand for the coinage of bullion have been filled. The government will exchange the silver yen gradually, at its convenience, for gold at par, silver yen to be full legal tender until all are exchanged. The suspension of their circulation is to be announced six months in advance. As between gold and silver, the ratio is fixed at 32.34 to 1.

There are outstanding at present about 75,500,000 silver yen. The government will gradually acquire these by redemption. Only a small portion of them will be required for remitting into subsidiary coins. What will be done with this large stock of unused silver? Will it be thrown upon the market, to depress still further the price of that metal? Or will the government of Japan store the silver, in the expectation that the price will gradually appreciate? These questions cannot be answered in advance. It seems probable, however, that the metal will be stored, with the hope and expectation that such action will tend to strengthen the market price of silver, which it would undoubtedly do, to some extent.

Japanese statesmen have adopted the gold standard in the expectation that it will encourage the investment of foreign capital in that country. There can be little doubt that it will have that effect. Japanese securities, payable in gold, both principal and interest, can be more readily floated in the European market than securities payable in silver, as are most of the recent securities of Japan.

In adopting the gold standard, Japan has placed herself more closely in touch with western civilization. This step has been rendered necessary by the rapid advances which Japan has made of late years in the arts and sciences and in civil government. She is ambitious to take a place among the nations of the earth in the front rank, and seems destined to do so at no distant day. Whenever the leading nations of the earth shall have agreed upon a system of international bimetallism, Japan will no doubt be ready to join them in fixing the status of silver, so far as it can be fixed by international cooperation or statutory enactment.

The Massachusetts Legislature has refused to entertain a bill to prohibit the exhibition of pictorial representations of prize fights. Come to think of it, such a law would be an act of gross discourtesy to the great and good John L. Sullivan, in whose erstwhile prowess as a slugger the city of Boston and the State of Massachusetts still take, it is evident, a pardonable pride.

The five Democratic Congressmen who voted for the Dingley Bill have evidently profited by the campaign of education through which we have passed. There are others who ought to have learned something, but failed to do so.

THE LITTLE BROWN MAN.

The little empire of Japan occupies a position not altogether unlike that of the ex-champion of the prize ring, James J. Corbett. Corbett got along well enough till he tackled John L. Sullivan, a man much larger than himself, and whipped him; and then, not being able to stand prosperity, he got into trouble with one Fitzsimmons, who whipped him. Japan was for years one of the quietest and least-aggressive nations of earth. Finally, she got into a row with China and trashed her in a very emphatic manner. Since then the little brown man has been walking around with a chip on his shoulder. He thinks that, because he has humiliated China, he can serve other nations in the same way.

Late advices from the Sandwich Islands would subinduce the belief that Japan has an eye on those possessions as a dumping-ground for her enormous surplus population. As the Japanese and Chinese together, in those islands, have already reached a numerical strength far in excess of the native population, it is easily to be seen how they could rise and overpower the indolent natives and then divide the islands up between them. So far the new Hawaiian republic has had no trouble with John Chinaman, but she is beginning to find the little brown man decidedly noxious in more ways than one.

The ill feeling that has long existed between the native population and the Japanese culminated on the 28th ult., when a Japanese tramp steamer came into Honolulu with about six hundred and sixty immigrants on board, of which only about eighty were eligible to land under the conditions of the existing treaty between the two countries. Such being the case the customs officials sought to force the 585 ineligibles back on board the steamer. This led up to a conference by which 168 more were allowed to land and the rest sent back on board the steamer, which sailed away with them to their native land.

The Japanese colony in Honolulu now proceeded to take the Hawaiian bull by the horns, and held an indignation meeting as soon as the steamer sailed. The Japanese Consul addressed the meeting and said he had advised the deportation of the men who were refused a landing, promising the captain consequential damages if it could be shown that the Hawaiian government had violated the treaty by refusing to let his passengers land. He also added, significantly, that he had requested his home government to send a large war vessel at once to protect Japanese interests in Hawaiian waters.

A few days later another steamer came in from Japan with 316 immigrants, of which 163 were allowed to land, but the others had to be taken back to Japan at the steamer's expense. The Consul's instructions to the second steamer were the same as in the first case. It was very evident that he had looked up the case pretty closely or he would not have advised them as he did.

Just how it is all going to end, cannot now be safely predicted, for it is too early in the game to draw any definite conclusions. The whole thing grows out of the proverbial laziness of the native population. Formerly they planted their own taro patches and made their own poi, which is a paste made from taro which looks like putty. Now the taro is grown almost exclusively by either Chinamen or Japanese and only about three out of every ten families make their own poi. The men will not work, and prefer to sacrifice their women to a life of shame to get money rather than do one day's work in five. As a natural consequence the industrious Mongolians have had a comparatively easy game of it. The Japs find it hard work in getting hold of a half-acre in the Willamette and Columbia may some day witness a repetition of these Mississippi horrors, if all efforts to protect the forests of the Cascade Mountains are rendered ineffective.

There is too much of the "free-country" business for the good of the country. Laws that were devised solely for public benefit are treated as sumptuary because they do not permit the wanton destruction of game and fish, as well as timber of great commercial value. Had there been such a thing as forest reservation as late as the days of Andrew Jackson, some stop might have been put to this wanton waste of valuable timber. Despite the earnest protest of men who had made a study of this matter, the whole country has been denuded of its timber from the Appalachian Range to the Sierra Nevada. Forest after forest has been hewn down and burnt up, in order that cattle ranges might be created. Iowa, that once had over 5,000,000 acres, is now almost treeless. Were it not for her orchards, and what is true of Iowa is equally true of other States lying adjacent thereto.

Of course, some of this timber had to be cut down that the intending settler might have a home on which to live and feed his family. But, even at that, the waste of valuable timber has been reckless and wilful. In the counties of Napa, Sonoma, Solano and Lake, enough oak timber was cut down and burnt up in order to make more area for wheat, to have sold now for \$600,000 to furniture factories in San Francisco. And now, with their fuel supply practically exhausted, the children of those settlers are planting Tasmanian gums, that have no value except for firewood. But will such people ever gather wisdom from experience? It looks improbable.

The San Bernardino papers contain accounts of a deposit of natural soap recently discovered in that county. As the veracity of the San Bernardoons is proverbial, we may suppose this story to be a true one.

If the firm of Huntington & Frye own a controlling interest in the government of the United States, the sooner the people of the said United States are made aware of that owner-ship the better.

WHAT WAS INEVITABLE.

The development of the western continent was a mere expansion of the Anglo-Saxon element. For a century the same tireless energy, the outgrowth of poverty, by the way, that drove men forth to battle with whales and polar bears in the Okhotsk Sea, sent the children of the Pilgrims forth into Northern Ohio, then into Michigan, Minnesota, and finally to the shores of the vast northern inland sea where old Seattle and his warlike Dismalwishes went forth to battle in a thousand canoes. The Columbus of the wilderness was the man with the ax.

So long as the Yankee wielded the ax in the great northern forests, the South was safe. The man who had spent his childhood days in such surroundings as are typified in "Shore Acres," was a judge of timber before he was old enough to hold a rifle to his shoulder. His eye taught him not only how many thousand feet of lumber a tree would make, but also whether that timber would be available for purposes other than firewood. It taught him the difference between a wind-shaken tree and one that was sound to the core. Therefore, as long as the New England element predominated in the States forming the watershed of the Mississippi, there was comparatively little waste of timber. But in an evil day some Congressional genius listened to the plaint of Chicago and Milwaukee building contractors and conceived the idea of admitting Canadian lumber free of duty. That became the law, and the profits on timber for which the Minnesota lumbermen had been waiting and hoping, never materialized.

There was, therefore, but one hope for them and that was the employment of cheaper labor. They cut down wages to a point so low that the American logger refused to work at his trade. He bought a few cows, took up an abandoned logging camp and became a dairy man. His successors were newly-landed Swedes and Danes, for the most part men of good habits and willing enough to work, but wholly devoid of that knowledge which had been to the American lumberman almost an inheritance. As a natural consequence of ignorance on the part of these foreign laborers, five trees have been cut down where one was available for the saw and the planer.

And when the snow and rains came down, instead of being caught in the boughs of the pines, they came to the ground at once. If the weather was the least degree below the freezing point, then came the trouble. Drops became rivulets, rivulets were turned into brooks and brooks into angry torrents that foamed and roared and swept all before them. The vast region lying to the southward of the confluence of the Ohio and the Mississippi, knows the sad story already well and knows it by heart. The Oregonian, of a recent date, had this to say upon the subject:

"In the Eastern States the time has gone by for the prevention of these disasters. All they can do now is laboriously to restore the forest area of the world so vulgar as a vulgar rich man. It's bad enough for coarse people to be poor, but the possession of wealth only makes their coarseness more apparent. It is very much to the credit of San Francisco that she has been the first Pacific Coast city to put in force an ordinance that has its origin in common decency.

There is no valid reason on earth why the San Pedro harbor appropriation should be "held up" in any interest or for any cause. Of course there should be no unreasonable haste in the work; nor should there be any unnecessary delay. If it shall appear that the Huntington-Frye gang of corruptionists have power to delay this improvement at their will, some body will hear something drop before this affair is ended.

The Act of 1893, abolishing the provisions then existing for the purchase of silver for coinage, seems to have stimulated prospecting for gold all over America. The latest discovery reported is from Meadow Valley, Nev., not far from Pioche, where a four-foot ledge of gold has been found by John Reese that goes \$33 to the ton. Nevada can be forgiven for the prize fight if she turns out such mines as this.

Gladstone has just learned to ride a bicycle, although he is close upon 90 years young. If the Grand Old Man should get to "scorching," in the exuberance of his first enthusiasm at having conquered the silent though sometimes recalcitrant steed, he may injure his constitution and go into a premature decline. But barring accidents, he is undoubtedly good for a "century."

Capt. Jack Bradley, the pioneer policeman of Virginia City, died a few days ago at the mature age of 73 years. He had a gruff and unsociable way about him, but had a kindly heart for all that. He was a native of Ireland and a brother of Dominic Bradley, who was quite a big prize fighter in the '70s. Jack was a splendid officer and a very conscientious

man who was to pass for his brother, gei drunk, he arrested and put in jail and then exchange places with him. But the brother got too drunk for any practical purposes. He over-beveraged himself beyond all consciousness and, by the time he had regained his senses, Butler was on his way to the ship for deportation. It is hard to believe the story of the man who calls himself Reardon, or of any other man who goes under a pseudonym. He may be the murderer's brother and he may not—who cares?

If all is true that has been telegraphed out from New York about the ship T. F. Oakes and her long voyage from Hongkong to New York, the captain of that ship must be a monster of cruelty, in comparison with whom "Bully" Waterman was an angel of mercy. The ship had a full cargo, and there was no good reason why her crew should not have been properly fed, even if poorly paid. Had such a thing occurred on board an English ship, Capt. Reed would have his license as master revoked and compelled either to go as mate or stay ashore for the rest of his life. But this is a free country, and captains can beat and starve sailors as much as they like.

The return of prosperity may be slow, but it is on the sure order. A large saw-mill at Portland, Or., was burned down about three months ago, but its proprietors concluded to rebuild, and finished their new mill a fortnight ago. Among its new fashioned machines was what is called a "sizer" for square timber, which dresses all four sides of a log at once. The second day it was in place, a purchasing agent of the Southern Pacific Company looked in and contemplated the machine a moment and then left an order for 250,000 feet of bridge timbers. Prosperity comes back quickly enough to people who have pluck enough to make the best of a bad bargain.

Mr. Bryan's congratulations to young Carter Harrison on the subject of his election to Chicago's Mayoralty are ill-timed in their allusions to the cause of free coinage. A glance at the official returns of that city will reveal a great reversal of public sentiment since Mr. Bryan ran for President, but not in Bryan's way. Mr. Harrison is the son of a man of somewhat limited capacity in everything else, but a good Mayor for an unruly, turbulent city like Chicago. Men who admired the father were willing to give the son a trial for his sake and the cause of free silver "cut no ice" in the premises. That's all, Mr. Bryan.

A San Francisco capitalist has been arrested for expectorating in a street car. He should be fined the full limit of the law, for there is nothing in the world so vulgar as a vulgar rich man. It's bad enough for coarse people to be poor, but the possession of wealth only makes their coarseness more apparent. It is very much to the credit of San Francisco that she has been the first Pacific Coast city to put in force an ordinance that has its origin in common decency.

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Michael Davitt, agitator and all-around breeder of disturbances, is in Chicago on his way to this coast and has been interviewed at great length by the papers of the Windy City. He says that John Dillon is the greatest leader—the Irish people ever had and

predicts that he will ultimately succeed in uniting the warring Irish factions. All of which is highly important if true. If there is any one thing the American people are not particularly interested in, it is these faction fights between a lot of Irish politicians, who are a bigger nuisance in their own country than they are in ours, which is saying a good deal.

The San Pedro Times thinks that it is time to talk about building a boulevard from Los Angeles to the future great harbor of Southern California. The San Pedro paper is right. A boulevard to San Pedro is one of the necessities of the future, and of the not very distant future at that.

Phoebe Cousins recently wrote from her sick-bed to a friend in St. Louis: "It is all a mistake. Don't try to reform the world. It doesn't want to be reformed. Live quietly and happily in your home. It was so decreed for women. I do not believe any longer in outside work for women." It is even so.

If the Dingley Bill had received the approbation and support of free-traders, it would be open to suspicion. As it is, it has been duly and vigorously denounced in good, set terms, by statesmen of that ilk, it is safe to conclude that the bill is all right.

The "European concert" is becoming very discordant. Some of the instruments are sadly in need of retuning.

PUT UP IN PACKAGES.

The Modern Way of Selling All Kinds of Groceries.

Those persons whose experience in buying grocery supplies extends back for half a dozen years will remember that at that time every article of food sold came in bulk. Huge boxes or bins contained the different kinds of "dry groceries," and from these receptacles the grocer's clerk was obliged to scoop out the desired quantity, weigh it, throw back the surplus, and then put it up in a large unwieldy paper bag. These bags had an unfortunate tendency to break open on the way home, and whether the customer carried his own parcels or had them sent by the grocer's boy, the result was equally wasteful, not to mention the confusion that was wrought in the kitchen when the leaky package was opened, spilling its contents, both on the table and on the floor.

But a gradual change, which began to take place at about this time and which has steadily gone on ever since, has swept away all the inconveniences of the old method of selling groceries, and has worked to the advantage of both the merchants and the public. This change, however, has not been so extensive in the most remote country villages, of having the various articles of food put up beforehand in sealed and weighed packages.

Oatmeal and the other cereals were probably the first substances upon which the new plan was tried, and the form in which they now come, in the boxes and tins, is the result of several years. Later, all kinds of dried fruits, apples, peaches, raisins, currants, figs, dates, etc., were likewise put up in weighed packages in the same manner instead of being kept, as formerly, loose in large receptacles. Tea is frequently sold now in packages, though it is a more recent development, and has not yet been adopted, as the others, by all grocers.

Tea is now sold in the same way, though many people will not buy it so, for fear that it has lost some of its aroma. It is quite true that this loss does take place easily, and to prevent such deterioration the grocers have the packages put up fresh each day from the alight bin in the rear of the store. Tea is kept, as the others, in more recent development, though it is not always true, though many people will not buy it so, for fear that it

APRIL 9, 1897.

Los Angeles Daily Times.

THE WEATHER.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, April 8.—At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.06; at 5 p.m., 30.05. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 49 deg. east, 70 deg. Relative humidity, 8 a.m., 86 per cent; 5 p.m., 82 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m. northeast, velocity 4 miles; 5 p.m., West, velocity 4 miles. Maximum temperature, 82 deg.; minimum temperature, 49 deg. Character of weather, clear. Barometer reduced to sea level.

The Games

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

The trouble of King Midas appears to be repeating itself in Randsburg. The monarch of the golden touch felt the water in his drinking cup turn to molten gold as he put it to his lips, and the wells in the Randsburg country, according to all accounts, are generally found to be gold mines.

The flagship Philadelphia has sailed from San Diego for Honolulu, but left behind one of the crew who died from overindulgence in wood alcohol. Another was reported dying on the vessel, from the same cause, when the ship sailed. The liquor sold on the San Diego water front is too much even for the stomach of a Jack Tar.

These are troublous times for the employees of the Whittier State School. Their fears that the new Democratic board of trustees will wield the ax speedily and with vigor, are perhaps well founded. The female member of the board, at least, has a few old scores to pay off, and faith still may be, if her conferees will lend a helping hand.

Subjects of Her Britannic Majesty in Southern California will celebrate Queen Victoria's diamond jubilee at Santa Monica, the committee in charge having accepted the invitation of the Chamber of Commerce of the city by the sea for the loyal Britons to congregate there June 22. It goes without saying that they will have a merry time.

Already the city is filling with signs of the near approach of Her Majesty, the Queen of La Fiesta, and her merry court. The tribunes are well under way, active preparations are being made for the carnival sports, and in a very few days the streets of Los Angeles will be ablaze with the olive, scarlet and gold of the carnival. Viva la Reina!

The Orange County Chamber of Commerce, among other things undertaken to signalize its usefulness, has set itself to the task of opening a direct road from Placentia to Santa Ana. The Placentia district is a rich one, and its trade quite important to the county-seat town, but as the roads now run it is more convenient for the Placentia ranchers to trade elsewhere.

The badly-decomposed body of an unknown man was washed ashore near San Juan-by-the-Sea. The Coroner's jury promptly returned a verdict of accidental drowning. It would be interesting to know upon what evidence the verdict is based, as there was nothing to indicate whence the body came or how the man met his death. The verdict of the average coroner's jury does not signify much.

"Uncle" Collis, in a letter of recent date, informs the citizens of San Diego that he is not yet ready to negotiate with them with a view to extend the Southern Pacific system to the city of the Silver Gate. He complains that the company has been doing business at a loss, and has no money to spend for new construction. If "Uncle" had squandered less money in the last few years in trying to run the State and national governments and attempting to defeat the will of the people of California and the United States, there might be more in the coffers of the Kentucky corporation for needed improvements.

Boulevard Route.
The committee appointed by the Main-street Development Association to indorse a route for boulevard from Los Angeles to Pasadena hereby indorses as most feasible and most beneficial to the two cities a road commencing at the Plaza of Los Angeles, running thence in an easterly direction as in near a straight line as possible to the Mission road, somewhere between the County Hospital and Stearns' Wines. The route can be completed and be found most desirable by the Boulevard Committee, taking into consideration the most direct route, the best grade and the least expense.

And the committee further recommends that the City Council and San Pedro and Los Angeles streets pay a liberal contribution toward the expense of opening said street between the Plaza and the Mission road.

College Settlement Concert.
An unusually good concert was given Wednesday evening at Casa de Castellar. Mariposas and lupin blossoms, with here and there a gay serape, brightened up the interior of the old adobe, where many friends from the neighborhood, as well as from elsewhere, enjoyed the affair. The programme included piano solos by Mrs. Toles, vocal solos by Miss Virginia Hunkins, and guitar solos by Mrs. Wrightman.

THE ROAD TO RECOVERY.
It is easy if you take Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Bran. It builds up the system—plus new blood in your veins—and new color in your cheeks. Don't be without it. For sale by all druggists.

LATEST IMPROVED TOURIST GARS.
Run every day on the Santa Fe route to Kansas City and Chicago, to Boston every Wednesday. Three nights to Chicago. Ticket office, No. 100 Spring street.

YOSEMITE.
And Mariposa Big Trees
Via Broderick and Roosevelt. Season of '97 opens April 1. Shortest and best line, with new and easy stages. For full particulars apply office of Southern Pacific.

SMITH'S DANDRUFF POMADE. Invigorates the scalp, removes the dandruff upon silk application. At all druggists, 50¢.

THE FAMOUS OLD JESSE MOORE WHISKY. Recommended by physicians for family and medicinal use because it is pure.

WATCHES cleaned, 75¢; mending, 50¢; crystals, 10¢. Patent No. 814 South Broadway.

WILSHIRE Boulevard tract. Sales over \$5,000 this month.

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Miller's Peppermint Cocoa, thoroughly digestible.

A COLORED POLITICIAN.

HE DESIRED TO OBTAIN A MINISTERIAL POSITION.

G. H. Smith, the Colored Man Wanted for Embasement, Wrote to President McKinley for the Ministry to Hayti or Liberia.

George H. W. Smith, the negro who was arrested on Wednesday on a warrant sent down from Sacramento, turns out to be a personage of high political突出。 Among the various letters found upon him was a copy of a communication sent to President McKinley, then the President-elect, dated from San Francisco on January 16, which gives some data as to Smith's former life. The letter runs as follows:

"Dear Sir: I respectfully beg leave to submit this, my application for an appointment as United States Minister to Hayti, San Domingo or Liberia. I was born of colored parents at Kennett's Square, Chester county, Pa., in 1847, and am a graduate of Lincoln University, Oxford, Pa. I refer you as regards my qualifications and character to Vice-President-elect Garret A. Hobart, and Hon. Matthew S. Quay, under whom I was employed during the campaign of 1888, and during which time I had the honor of meeting with and receiving an introduction from President-elect McKinley, N. Y. I also refer you to Hon. Thomas Carter, whom I worked under during the campaign of 1892, and also to Hon. John Connelly, whom I worked under in California during the campaign of 1894. Hoping it will meet with your favorable consideration, I have the honor to be, etc."

Answers to this request were found, signed by John Addison Porter, private secretary to the President, and J. A. Barham, of the House of Representatives. The first letter announced that the request had been referred to the Secretary of War, and that Porter writes of the filing thereof, and the assurance that the request would be given respectful consideration when it came up in the course of routine. Accompanying these letters are messages from Senator George C. Perkins and Congressman F. Loud, assuring Smith that they would give the matter their consideration.

On the other hand, a clipping from a newspaper was found in a pocketbook taken from Smith that does not show as well. The clipping reads:

"At the E. Church conference held in Monroe, February 1896, it is said that Rev. G. H. W. Smith, the pastor of the Second Christian Church of Woodland, was fired bodily from the conference, and denied all ministerial rights. The charge laid against him and sustained by a church trial was for living in a house of prostitution without obtaining a license."

In the same pocketbook was found an appointment as minister of the Zion M. E. Church of this city, the certificate signed by Bishop Walters and mailed out to George H. W. Smith of Los Angeles. When Smith was asked about this, he denied having any certificate, saying that it must be some other Smith.

The negro is wanted in Sacramento on a charge of embezzlement \$56 from Charles Heisen. It is stated that the Janitor of the State Capitol was discharged two weeks before the adjournment of the Legislature, but Smith says that he was told to go on working and that his two weeks' pay would be passed by resolution. He did so, and paid his demand \$56, to Charles Heisen for the sum paid him for the property, but that Gov. Budd did not sign the bill. Consequently Heisen got no money, and had Smith arrested for felony embezzlement. The warrant for Smith's arrest arrived yesterday, and he will probably go north tonight to answer to the charge.

A HOSPITAL EXPERT.
Genung Has Been an Inmate of Many Public Institutions.

Edward F. Genung, a man 37 years of age, who is compelled to use crutches because of paralysis, had not been in Los Angeles four days before he applied to Secretary Stuart of the Associated Charities, for admission to the County Hospital. By close questioning, the following story was obtained from Genung.

He is a native of Illinois and by occupation, a freighter. He came to Los Angeles from Albuquerque, having obtained a pass on the railroad from the manager of the Baldwin from the division superintendent. The next division superintendent gave him free transportation from Barstow to Los Angeles. He came here to live with his brother, who lived on Ann street, but found that his brother had left that city for Central America.

Genung sought hospitals at Chicago, Denver, Des Moines, San Francisco, Sacramento, Woodland, Columbia, Los Vegas and Albuquerque. He says he was in the hospital at Des Moines for three years, and was finally discharged for getting drunk. He says the Chicago Hospital is the worst place he has ever seen, and that the San Francisco hospital is the best place to get into, because they ask no questions to an applicant for admission except a few formal ones which are easily answered. Genung asked the secretary what he wanted him to do.

"You won't grant me admission to the hospital," he said, "do you want me to go to the public?"

"On being asked what he meant by the remark, Genung produced a card, on one side of which the following was printed, "I was crippled for life by being run over by an ox wagon on the freight roads of Idaho, and received an injury to my spine on June 1, 1883. I have no money and live by the kindness of the public, and any help will be worthily bestowed and truly appreciated." E. F. Genung."

On the other side of the card were the names of twenty-six doctors, most of them residents of Des Moines, under the head of "endorsements."

THE CITRUS FUND.
Contributions to Keep Delegates at Washington.

Contributions to the citrus tariff fund are coming in much more freely as the fruit-growers realize the importance of the situation. Colton sent \$100 to the committee yesterday, and Riverside \$133. The next regular meeting of the Citrus Tariff Committee will be held next Monday at the Chamber of Commerce clubrooms, at 1:30 p.m.

OLD-TIMERS' RUN.
Back-number Bicycles Will Be Ridden to Santa Monica.

Among the wheelmen, the old-timers will have their day next Sunday. In the eastern cities and in Oakland once a year the riders of the old high bicycles turn out for what they call an "ordinary run," but the rest of the world consider it rather extraordinary, for the old high bicycles are never seen at other times.

Here in Los Angeles, there has been much hurrying about of late, hunting up what the wheelmen style the "grand old ordinary" bicycles for this peculiar trip that takes place next Sunday.

Pete Abel, one of the old-time racing men, has been seen on the streets all the week scurrying about on his old bicycle, that used to take him to Monrovia.

SMITH'S DANDRUFF POMADE invigorates the scalp, removes all dandruff upon silk application. At all druggists, 50¢.

THE famous old Jesse Moore Whisky is recommended by physicians for family and medicinal use because it is pure.

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BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE
J. W. ROBINSON CO.
239 Broadway, Tel. 904 Main.

Waists and Wrappers

Percales, Dimities, Organdies, Grass Cloth, Muslins, Lawns, Cotton Grenadines, Embroidered Batiste, Satine, etc. Everything new and desirable in these fabrics can be found in this department, at the lowest prices.

WRAPPERS.

Light Percale Wrappers, trimmed with embroidery.	\$1.00
Light and Dark Percale Wrappers, new styles, trimmed with white braid; each.....	\$1.25
Black and White Figured Percale Wrappers, black collar and cuffs, Watteau back; each.....	\$1.50
Plain Black Sateen Wrappers, trimmed with black and white braid; each.....	\$1.50
Plain Black Satine Wrappers, trimmed with black ribbon on Watteau back, very stylish; each.....	\$2.50
Fancy Colored Dimity Wrappers, finely trimmed with linen lace, all sizes; each.....	\$3.00
Black Colored Figured Lawn Wrappers, elegant satin and ribbon trimmings; each.....	\$3.25

WAISTS.

Ladies' Percale Shirt Waists, assorted colors, detachable collars, very cheap; each.....	50¢ and 75¢
Ladies' Percale Shirt Waists, light and dark colors, detachable collars; each.....	\$1.00
Ladies' Percale and Dimity Shirt Waists, collars detachable; each.....	\$1.25
Ladies' Dimity and Lawn Shirt Waists, white collar, soft cuffs; each.....	\$1.50
Ladies' Organdie Shirt Waists, soft white collars and cuffs; each.....	\$1.75
Ladies' Grass Cloth and Dimity Shirt Waists, soft cuffs, very stylish; each.....	\$2.00
Black Cotton Grenadines Shirt Waists, latest combination colorings; each.....	\$1.75
Black Embroidered Mull Shirt Waists, elegant fabrics, Persian designs; each.....	\$3.00

We have been appointed agents for the celebrated Butterick Patterns. Until our new stock arrives, we will take orders and fill in three days.

\$1.80 per Sack

PILLSBURY'S BEST

Now retails in Los Angeles at the above price.

The Best is the Cheapest.

Crombie & Co., COAST AGENTS, Los Angeles, Cal.



H. JEVNE

SATURDAY IS CANDY DAY.

Note the clean, inviting counters. Why! Ladies, the very air of the store makes this the ideal place to buy your sweetmeats, and then, you know that on Saturdays we sell our finest 50-cent mixed candies at 40 cents a pound—but only on Saturdays. Come in and enjoy the store tomorrow or any day.

208-210 South Spring St., Wilcox Bldg.

WOULLACOTT'S

You Know What You're Getting at
Wines and Liquors. 124-126 N. Spring St.

Studebaker's ALL OUR OWN MAKE

Some vehicles have one good point—some have more—but the "Studebaker's" are perfection.

200 and 202 N. Los Angeles St.

With our new CORONADO tank line we are now ready with THE PUREST of water to deliver all orders for WATER in syphons, tanks and cases. Office, 937 East Third Street.

LOWMAN & CO.

Finest Selection 50¢ Neckwear in the state.

Imported S. F. Wellington COAL. \$9.50 Per Ton.

Special prices to Hotels, Restaurants and purchasers of more than one ton.

BANNING COMPANY, 222 S. Spring St.

Office Telephone, Main 36. Yard Telephone, Main 1047

Jacoby Bros

128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138 N. Spring St.

Established 1867. Pasadena Agency, No. 9 Fair Oaks Ave. First National Bank Building.

Write for Catalogue.

Once More

we announce some startling specials for Saturday and Monday in our Children's and Boys' Department. Don't get the impression that the following prices convey all of the greatness of these bargains, but come and examine the qualities and make comparisons.

Boys' Cowboy or Sombrero Hats, regular price 51¢ 65¢; Saturday and Monday only, at.....

Youths' Long Pants Suits of the latest styles, spring weights, regular price \$4.85; Saturday and Monday only, at.....

Boys' Knee Pants Suits, new spring patterns and light weights, regular price \$2.50; Saturday and Monday only, at.....

Boys' Neckwear, 4-In-Hands, Tecks and Windsor Ties, regular price 25¢; Saturday and Monday only, at.....

CITY BRIEFS.

SLIPPED IN AHEAD.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC HAS BOUGHT THE CASA BLANCA QUARRIES.

Through the courtesy of Senator Stephen M. White The Times has received from the Agricultural Department at Washington, D. C., a limited amount of garden seed, which will be sent postpaid to any address until the supply is exhausted.

If you have a photograph that you want enlarged three-quarters life size and elegantly framed without its costing a penny, all you need do is to become a subscriber to the Los Angeles Times and pay one year in advance for the same.

National Association of Stationary Engineers will hold an open meeting on Tuesday evening, April 13. All engineers are invited.

Bathhouse open Sunday at Terminal Island. Fishing good. Terminal trains leave 8:50 a.m. and 1:10 p.m.

Elegant cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sunbeam, No. 236 South Main.

Dr. John C. McCoy, dentist, late of Orange, is now No. 1919 Grand avenue. Van Storage Co., Tel. Main 1140.

Undelivered telegrams at the Western Union for W. J. Hewitt, Francis M. N. Hallack, Winslow Hall, Rev. and Mrs. F. A. Grant, E. T. Brown, C. P. Williams.

Dr. L. W. Munhall, the revivalist, arrived in the city yesterday, beginning his series of meetings May 1, he will conduct revival services for a union of evangelical churches at Simpson Tabernacle. The series probably will last about a month.

The suit for ejectment and recovery of rent brought by Mrs. H. Banning against Dr. Charles W. Unger, who has been held in jail since his arrest by Justice Morrison. By this decision the doctor is ordered to pay rent for the months of March and April, and to move from the house at No. 216 California street. The whole case hinged upon whether the had or had not been an agreement to pay the monthly rent in advance. Dr. Unger's attorneys have given notice that they will appeal the case to the Superior Court.

PERSONALS.

F. G. Flory, a tourist from England, is staying at the Van Nuys.

Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Martin of San Antonio, Tex., are staying at the Hollebeck.

H. H. Welsh, a well known horseman of Fresno, is registered at the Westminster.

Clarence Eddy, the famous Chicago organist and composer, is staying at the Hollebeck.

Mrs. F. P. Gilbert and Miss Scranton, New Haven, Ct., are staying at the Westminster.

Mrs. C. de Noon, Miss Mahel Noon and Mrs. Emma E. D. Lewis of San Francisco are staying at the Van Nuys.

Col. Robert Northam, Mrs. Northam and Miss Maud Northam are up from La Mirada and are staying at the Hollebeck.

Miss Ellen J. McKee and the Misses Eleanor and Elizabeth McKee of St. Louis, Mo., are staying at the Westminister.

J. Barnett and George S. Blunt, owner of coal mines in the vicinity of Albuquerque, N. M., are registered at the Hollebeck.

Maj. J. H. Whitlock of Quincy Plumas county, accompanied by his daughter, Ada, is visiting his brother, B. C. Whitlock, of University.

Prof. J. F. Spalding of Kansas City, Mo., one of the leading educators of the State named, is with his wife, in the city visiting relatives and friends.

Among the New York people registered at the Van Nuys are Mrs. Henry Dewey and Miss T. E. Daugherty and Miss Doughty, Leonard E. Curtis, B. A. Buckley and Corwell Woolley.

Lieut. Nathan K. Averill, Seventh United States Cavalry, is visiting his parents at Hotel Brunswick. Lieut. Averill received the congratulations of Maj.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles, commanding the army of the United States, and Brig.-Gen. Wm. W. Whipple, commanding the Department of Colorado, for his successful attack and defeat of a band of hostile Apache Indians on the morning of May 8, 1896.

CARNIVAL OF SPORTS.

Elaborate Preparations Made to Insure Its Success.

The Athletic Committee in charge of La Fiesta carnival of sports is busily engaged in perfecting the details of the carnival. The number of entries in the various events and the reports coming from Riverside, Pomona, Whittier and San Diego indicate that an unusually large field will participate. All these, with the Indian dances, the athletic exercises by the Turnverein German, the theatrical work by the Los Angeles Athletic Club, the Browne Band, and gymkhana races, betoken that Thursday, April 22, will have more to interest and excite than any other day during La Fiesta.

Previous to the opening of the sports Her Majesty, the Queen, and her court will twice encircle the grounds, enabling every one present to pay his homage.

The Queen's championship medals are beautiful and the awarding of these by the Queen to the successful contestants will be one of the prettiest features of the day.

The Queen, with her court, prime minister and pages will this year have an elaborately decorated box, located within view of nearly every one upon the grounds. This year the boxes will be located apart from the grand stand and bleachers, so as to give to the Queen the distinguished position to which she is entitled.

Another general arrangement made for the convenience of spectators will be the placing in of trees and actual grounds, thus preventing all but actual contestants from being within the track and also keeping back all carriages at least twenty feet, in order to leave ample standing room at the edge of the track.

The art of decorating Hazard's Pavilion will begin next Monday. The streets will begin to blossom out by April 19.

Clark not Accountable.

Frank Clark, the young man arrested by Detectives Bradish and Steele, was arraigned before Justice Morrison yesterday on a charge of burglarizing the office of Rufus L. Horton, lawyer in the Stevens Block on Temple street. Clark plainly admitted his guilt, and when asked by the Justice what he had to say, he replied: "I do not think I should be held accountable for my actions." By this he meant that he had become so enslaved to the opium habit that he had no control over himself. Justice Morrison held him to answer to the charge of burglary, placing his bond at \$1500. Clark was committed to the County Jail, and will probably be examined by a commission as to his sanity.

ANHEUSER-BUSCH BREWING ASS'N.

Recommend the use of the greatest of tonics—Anti-Nutrine, and guarantees the merits claimed for it. For sale by all drug-gists.

THE MOST BEAUTIFUL PLACE.

In California is San Diego and Coronado Beach. Four hours from Los Angeles. Trains leave 8:17 a.m. and 3 p.m. Excursion rates.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC HAS BOUGHT THE CASA BLANCA QUARRIES.

Secured the Source of Supply of Stone Which the Harbor Board Designated as the Most Promising of All Considered.

Uncle Collie P. Huntington never overlooks a bet. Neither does he allow his sympathies to get the better of his judgment in matters of business. If Port Los Angeles cannot have a deep-water harbor at the expense of the Federal government, the next best turn is Uncle Collie's mind is to reap the profits from the construction of the harbor at San Pedro. The cheerfulness with which he sits about gathering into his net, whatever benefits are to be derived from the decision of the Harbor Board reconciles the public to the bitterness of heart which he has exhibited in his efforts in Washington to have the entire question reopened.

Now that the rock quarries which the Southern Pacific Company controls near Santa Monica are unavailable, it is the most natural thing in the world for it to start out to secure control of all other sources of probable supplies of stone. The fact has just come out that the company, in pursuance of this policy, has purchased within the past week two rock quarries most promising.

The report says, in speaking of the Southern Pacific Company controls, "The stone may be considered an excellent granite, weighing 170 pounds to the cubic foot, in good shape for quarrying, and apparently all sound. A survey made by the chief engineer of the railroad showed that there are not less than 2,000 cubic yards of solid rock available at this point."

Being on the line of their road, the Santa Fe people evidently felt secure, and have been conducting negotiations for the purchase of the Casa Blanca quarries in a leisurely and confident manner.

The railroads, however, are the masters of the situation, and the men of the

company are well represented.

Richard L. Cramer, a native of Canada, aged 39, and Hettie E. Strange, a native of Tennessee, aged 27; both residents of Los Angeles.

George W. Goode, a native of Georgia and a resident of Saticoy, Ventura county, aged 25; and Adah Lawrence, a native of California, and a resident of Downey, aged 23.

BIRTH RECORD.

BEER—In this city, April 6, 1897, to the wife of Norman M. Beer, a son.

DEATH RECORD.

HAMILTON—In this city, April 7, 1897, W. H. Hamilton of New Rochelle, N. Y. Remains will be seen East on Friday for interment.

MCMILLAN—In this city, Wednesday, April 7, 1897, Walter McMillan, aged 28 years.

Friends and acquaintances are invited to attend the funeral services at Booth & Boylston Mortuary, 200 Main street, today (Friday) at 3 p.m. Interment private. (Toronto papers please copy.)

Now

Is the time when you should take a Spring Medicine to purify your blood, give you good appetite, sound sleep, steady nerves and perfect digestion. That scrofulous taint, that skin trouble, that liver difficulty, that bilious tendency, that tired feeling, are all cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. Give this medicine a fair trial and you will realize its positive merit. It is not what we say, but what the people who are cured say, which proves that

Take

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Hood's

Sarsaparilla Is the Best

Spring Medicine.

C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hood's Pills cure Liver Ills; easy to take, easy to operate. 25¢

England, aged 20; both residents of Los Angeles.

McMillan, aged 23; and Eliese Dcr, aged 21; both natives of Germany and residents of Los Angeles.

Richard L. Cramer, a native of Canada, aged 39, and Hettie E. Strange, a native of Tennessee, aged 27; both residents of Los Angeles.

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MOST EXTRAORDINARY.

All subscribers to The Times, whether old or new, who pay in advance \$3 for one year may have a photograph enlarged to three-fourths life size, and handsomely framed, without costing them a cent for the picture or frame.

WILSHIRE Boulevard tract. Sales over \$25,000 this month.

Children's Day

Tomorrow.

Saturday we will make a

special display of Children's Trimmed and Un-

trimmed Hats. It will be

a good day to bring the

children and make their

Easter selections. It will

pay you well to see the

largest stock of little

girls' headwear west of

Chicago—even just to

gather hints of styles and

prices.

LUD ZOBEL & CO.,

"The Wonder Millinery."

219 S. Spring St.

HATS FOR EASTER.

Every lady, every girl and child must have a hat for Easter of course. Our prices are so low that you can afford to have one. We have prepared for Saturday a magnificent display of

White Braid Hats

And Lovely

Leghorn Hats.

Call the forenoon if possible to avoid the rush.

Spring Street Millinery.

H. HOFFMAN, Prop.

165 N. Spring Street.

Best Bottled

Brown Stout and

India Pale Ale.

Ask Your Dealer for

EVANS

Brews.

Everybody says PO-

LASKI BROS. are the best

Tailors—RIGHT.

Licensed to Wed.

Foreman M. Grant, a native of Nova Scotia, aged 35, and Emma Pike, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 26; both residents of Ingewood.

Charles F. Whitney, a native of Colorado, and a resident of Santa Barbara, aged 24, and Abbie M. Davison, a native of California, and a resident of Compton, aged 19.

William H. Clark, a native of England, aged 27, and Maggie Louise Cox, a native of Pennsylvania, aged 16; both residents of Los Angeles.

Alonzo F. Bowles, a native of Ohio, aged 29, and Maud Urwin, a native of

EMBROIDERIES.

Thousands of yards of rich needle creations at the cost of what you have been paying for shoddy stuffs.

Extra values in Cambic Embroideries; with open, showy patterns, 2 to 4 inches wide, 6¢ and very special at..... 4

Cambic, Swiss and Nainsook Edges, in fine wash designs, scallops cut out; 2 to 6 inches wide and fine 15¢ quality; today..... 10¢

Beautiful Irish Point Open-work Embroidery, with eyelet designs; 4 to 6 inches broad, and actually worth 20¢ a yard; today for..... 15¢

Nainsook, Cambic, Swiss and Lawn Embroideries, Irish point, open, bold and solid fancy worked edges; 5 to 9 inches broad and every yard worth 25¢; today for..... 20¢

Cambic, Dimity, Lawn, Swiss and Nainsook Embroidery, 8 to 12 in. broad, elaborately worked. Every yard of these worth 25¢; today for..... 25¢

All-over Embroideries and Tuckings in fine open and heavily covered designs. New patterns for yoking; 24 inches broad; every yard, today..... 50¢

WHITE GOODS.

No expense has been spared, no style too fine or no quality too nice for our selection. The cheaper kinds are well represented.

Richard L. Cramer, a native of Canada, aged 39, and Hettie E. Strange, a native of Tennessee, aged 27; both residents of Los Angeles.

George W. Goode, a native of Georgia and a resident of Saticoy, Ventura county, aged 25; and Adah Lawrence, a native of California, and a resident of Downey, aged 23.

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SANTA BARBARA COUNTY

EXTRAVAGANCE OF THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Contract for Laying the New City Water Pipe Let by the Council to a San Francisco Firm—High School Graduates.

SANTA BARBARA, April 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Supervisors had a liberal streak yesterday and invested \$600 of next year's county funds in advertising this year's attractions in Santa Barbara county. They also felt charitable and placed more than a score of persons on the indigent list, with a monthly allowance of from \$5 up. Nearly every petition for county aid was granted. The extravagance of this board necessitates an increase in the tax levy to pay their bills. Their action is not regarded by the general public as the true road to prosperity.

Two new members of the County Board of Education were appointed yesterday, Prof. W. A. Wilson of Santa Barbara and A. G. Balaam of Lompoc. COMMON COUNCIL.

The City Council held an adjourned session this afternoon. Mayor Whitney in the chair and all members present. Mayor Whitney stated that the purpose of the meeting was to examine bids and let the contract for laying the city's new water-pipe system and for other business as may come up regularly.

A resolution of intention was adopted ordering Pedregosa street between State and De la Vina graded, curbed and guttered.

Five bids were opened when the matter of letting the contract for laying the new city water-pipe system was reached. They were all local bids but one, and that one got the job. C. D. Vincent of San Francisco was awarded the contract on bid of 11.9 cents per linear foot for cast-iron pipe, according to specifications as advertised. Other bids ranged from this up to 23 cents.

A street light was ordered placed on Montecito street near the racetrack. The Council appointed Mayor Whitney a delegate to the Pure-food Congress at San Francisco, April 30.

HIGH SCHOOL GRADUATES.

Twenty-two students will graduate from the Santa Barbara High School in June, fourteen boys and eight girls. About one-third of these intend taking a course at the State University, coming here next fall. Some will go to dental college while others will take up teaching. The following is the graduating list:

Lelle Gregory, Howard Truslow, Florence Jennings, James White, William Butler, William Metcalf, Alex. Colt, Fred Ray, Mollie McElroy, Lula Reed, Clarence Day, Charles Sprout, Grace Alice, Charles Terry, Clinton Lehman, Walter Vance, Zena De Witt, Core Lewis, Helen Moore, Della Lewis, Estella Lewis, Vincent Lousley.

Protection for Fruits & Nuts.

[California Fruit Grower.] The production of fine fruit of nearly every known variety is one of the great industries of California. In citrus fruits the State produces oranges, lemons, limes, pomelos and citrons. In deciduous fruits produces cherries, apricots, plums, prunes, peaches, dates, apples, grapes, nectarines, pears, guavas, pomegranates, quinces, persimmons and others. In berries it produces strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, gooseberries and currants, and in nuts it produces almonds, walnuts, chestnuts. Practically all the raisins produced in the United States are grown in California and the greater part of all the oranges, lemons, limes and prunes produced in the United States are grown in this State. Indeed the production of prunes in any considerable quantity may be said to be confined to California. The capacity of the State for the production of these fruits seems to be almost unlimited. There were shipped last year from the two counties of Riverside and San Bernardino 600,000 bushels of dried lemons and in less than five years the yield of these fruits will be doubled in the State.

During the twelve months ending with June 30, 1896, there were imported fruits and nuts to the value of \$19,632,435. We sent to foreign countries this sum largely for the purchase of fruits and nuts which with a very few exceptions are now produced in this country in large quantities, and can be produced in unlimited quantities if only proper legislative encouragement is given and if quality standards are set up.

The writer recommends that anyone wishing to embark in olive culture send to Prof. E. A. Gilgarn of the University of California for the reports of the experimental station of the College of Agriculture on the culture of the olive.

These reports are valuable to the grower in that he can learn what varieties are best adapted to his location;

what are best for pickles or oil; what percentage of oil each variety yields in certain locations; what pickles olives, and how to make good olive oil.

Most varieties can be raised from cuttings. It requires two years to properly root them. Everyone cannot successfully root olives, but they can purchase from the olive trees from nurseries for about the price of other fruit trees. If anyone desires to raise his olive trees, Capt. Gross offers to furnish cuttings of good varieties free of charge. They can be obtained from him during pruning season, in March and April, at his Rincon Heights ranch.

Olive Culture.

[Santa Rosa Republican:] Capt. Guy E. Gross, in a paper with the above title, recounted his experiments and ultimate success in raising olives on a commercial scale. In 1884 he set out his first trees on red volcanic hill land, which had been densely covered with chemisias, manzanitas, madrona, oak and Douglas spruce, and strewn with basalt boulders. The trees were all from cuttings from the hawing wood, and were two-year-old roots. His first plant of 500 trees was all of the Mission variety, obtained in Santa Barbara. Year by year he added from 500 to 1000 or more trees, also of the Mission variety, until about 6000 were planted.

During the past six years he has continued planting until his groves now comprise 10,000 trees, consisting of Mission, Polymorpha, Redding, Pitchilline, Noaria, Oblonga, Penducina, Manzanillo, Nevadillo, Blanco, Rubra and Tenerife.

On the property located he found that the Missions fruited from the fifth to the seventh year, and on the deepest soil they began to bear about the fourth or fifth year, and some even the third year. In this section no olive tree can produce a large crop until it is ten years old.

Capt. Gross harvested an increased crop each year from each tree until the present year, when they were almost bare. The lack of a crop this year is inexplicable, for the blossoms did not appear until after the late frost. The bloom was unusually full. North winds at the critical time may prevent setting.

The olive is not without enemy. The black scale infests it when the tree is five to eight years old, although the tree may be isolated. He has tried several remedies, but none is very expensive. Several colonies of black ladybirds obtained from the State Board of Horticulture brought about gratifying results. Since they were introduced the scale has been rapidly disappearing.

The olive culture has prospered almost everywhere in this country. Some varieties flourish even in swamp land, but the high and dry hillsides, the well-drained bottoms, uplands and where the soil is deep the best fruit for pickles or oil is produced.

The trees will grow on very poor soil, but the growth is slow and the yield of fruit is light.

The olive responds to good cultivation and fertilization. Barnyard manure and wood ashes mulched around the trees every two or three years doubles the yield of fruit and the trees will outlast others not so treated.

Mr. Gross experimented in irrigation. He set out a number of trees of equal size and variety in the same soil and with the same exposure several years ago. Some he irrigated during the summer months. They are now 50 per cent greater in height and girth of trunk.

The commission held two meetings at Hollister and the attendance at each was less than a dozen, including the Board of Supervisors. The people were told that the commission was erecting a rock cut at Folom. The information was of interest to the people of this county only from the fact that they had to help pay for rock crushed 200 miles away. The commission also informed the people here that Alpine county had the best roads in the State and only expended \$200 per year for them. This statement was probably

intended to paralyze the audience, but those present who knew where Alpine is situated, and that it polls less than one hundred votes, were not surprised.

The only good word that I have heard from the "bureau" is that it was only to last two years, but it seems that there is to be an attempt made to perpetuate the humbug. The worth of the "bureau" is that it is an attempt to represent the county in the Senate and Assembly will vote for it. If, by any chance, they should do so, and again the candidates, they would not receive 100 votes in the county.

I enclose an editorial from the Hollister Bee dated January 14, an influential paper of this country, which I think indicates what the people think of the "bureau."

Col. Stone, whose lectures on road-making are published free by the government, tells us that the road will be built on the highest, and there are hundreds of men in every county in the State except Alpine, who know just as much about roads as the members of the "bureau."

John BREEN. San Juan, San Benito County, Jan. 27. Col. Stone and the most esteemed member of the Rural Press we cheerfully give Mr. Breen the hearing in the Rural Press forum to which he is entitled. We regret, however, that he sees fit to write as he does, for he is completely mistaken as to public sentiment upon the road reform question now fortunately being great headache in this State. The question is not upon the maintenance of the "Bureau of Highway Commissioners"—that is only incidental and to abuse the commissioners is simply to attempt to obscure the public mind on the main issue, and that is whether the public shall get the road reform that it deserves, or whether it shall continue to be taxed outrageously for what are called "road purposes," and get no roads. As a taxpayer, Mr. Breen should rise in his might and denounce the old system with all its wastefulness and corruption, and inefficiency and political jobbery, and demand that from the people that the people shall get something for their money. Perhaps they have in Mr. Breen's neighborhood. We know that in some counties or parts of counties the very best possible work has been done, but that is the exception and not the rule. This is seen in the actions of farmers and settlers who are being held in the different counties, where hundreds of farmers at each meeting are unanimously adopting strong resolutions calling for radical road reform measures.

As for paying for rock crushed 200 miles away, Mr. Breen is mistaken. As we understand it, all the rock crushed at Folom is sold at a cent a pound above cost, until the whole cost of the plant is met by this profit on rock sales. As for the allusion to Alpine county, the commissioners are perhaps pardonable for thinking that it was not necessary to explain their joke to the Hollister audience—an events we are glad our correspondent was up with the proposition and was not paralyzed by the humor.

To give Mr. Breen the fullest possible showing of his side of the case we publish in full the article from the Hollister Bee, which he sends as enclosing his position as follows:

"During the Legislature of the famous year 1895 an act was passed authorizing the appropriation of \$3,000 for the purpose of reporting on the highways throughout the State. The report is at hand and while it is not put in morocco it is a document that will be long remembered, not only by those who had had occasion to look at its pages but by the taxpayers who contributed for the expenses. On page 80 of the report will be found what is supposed to be a full and correct account of the conditions of the highways of this state. It is full, as far as the gents who made it, and as full as it could possibly be of this particular occasion to meet Messrs. Irvine and Maude, and at the time it occurred to him, 'Why is this thusly?' In Central America monkeys with prehensile 'tales' can be captured with the trouble of catching them. It seems that in this State it is reversed. The monkeys catch the suckers."

This "editorial from an influential paper" is merely a piece of billingsgate which any newspaper ought to be ashamed of. If Mr. Breen thinks that such stuff will deter the people in their resolute demand for good roads and wise and honest roadwork he will have a rude awakening.

Fruit Culture.

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On the property located he found that the Missions fruited from the fifth to the seventh year, and on the deepest soil they began to bear about the fourth or fifth year, and some even the third year. In this section no olive tree can produce a large crop until it is ten years old.

Where the nature of the land permitted, the trees were planted twenty-four feet apart. This exact distance has not been adopted in all cases, and rocky places, the trees having been placed between the boulders wherever soil could be found. The trees were thoroughly plowed where possible, and other places hoed and dug around for a radius of seven feet.

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Mr. Breen Opposes the Good Roads Movement.

[Pacific Rural Press:] To the Editor: I regret to read in the Rural Press—a paper that I have been reading for more than 20 years, and which I always thought was the best paper in the interest of the people of this State—an attempt to blemish the State Road Commission, the most useless of the many useless commissions, that have been forced upon the good-natured people of California. The commissioners had a picnic; they traveled all over the state and "finds" live on the fat of the land and for what?

To tell the people what every one already knew as well as they did; that the State had not as good roads as it might have, and that if the roads were better larger loads could be hauled.

They said that the roads were not good. This, I think, is not so, as I have been in California for more than fifty years and probably know something about how the roads were then and how they are now.

The commission held two meetings at Hollister and the attendance at each was less than a dozen, including the Board of Supervisors. The people were told that the commission was erecting a rock cut at Folom. The information was of interest to the people of this county only from the fact that they had to help pay for rock crushed 200 miles away. The commission also informed the people here that Alpine county had the best roads in the State and only expended \$200 per year for them. This statement was probably

GREAT MONEY SAVERS
FIFTY STYLES OF LATE SUMMER SUITS TO SELECT FROM.

\$10.00  NEWEST Creations in Woolen Fabrics made in the height of fashion, by the world's best makers. See 'em!

TEN DOLLARS. Men's Suits. Men's Suits.

POPULAR PRICES COUPLED WITH THE BEST AND LATEST IN CLOTHING HAS GIVEN US THE NAME

MAKERS OF LOW PRICES.

HOME SPUN\$ SCOTCH CHEVIOTS

\$15.00 SCOTCH \$17.50

WORSTED SUITS. VICUNA

...FURNISHINGS...

Is a big part of our business. Buying direct from the factories, and in case lots ONLY, we are in a position to quote prices that will give the buyer many advantages not only in saving money on his purchase, but will give him the newest and best in furnishing goods only obtainable here.

25c STRAW HATS \$1.00

BROWN BROS.,

MAKERS - OF - LOW - PRICES

249..... 251

than those not so treated, and promise to begin bearing fruit earlier.

Everyone who has a farm, or only a tiny lot, should plant some olive trees. If not in an orchard, they can be set out along the driveway and roads and close by the fences. The olive is ornamental as well as profitable, with a long and useful life before it.

Olive culture in the United States seems to be limited to the Pacific Coast, and especially to California. There is little danger of overdoing the business. Even if there was no duty on olive oil the pure home-made article would not be inferior by competition with the adulterated article sent in from other lands. Pure olive oil is as good in flavor as any oil.

MATERIAL FOR BRANDY MAKING. Brandy is produced from fruit pomace, cider, wine, cheese, wash and lees. Pomace is meant the crushed fruit without the juice expressed therefrom; cheese the expressed juice of the apple including for the purpose of the classification of the peach, pear, pineapple, orange, apricot and berry; wine is the fermented juice of the grape or prune; sour wine is the fermented juice of the grape or prune or pomace; pomace is the juice of the grape or prune expressed from the cheese after the cheese is washed; lees or piquette are the dregs or settlings of wine.

By averaging the returns of distillers of brandy from apples during the fiscal year, it has been found that a gallon of proof brandy was produced from the following quantity of each material, viz.: Apple or peach pomace, 14 gallons; grape pomace, 16 to 18 gallons; cider, 14 gallons; wine, 18 gallons; sour wine, 7 gallons; cheese, 15 gallons; wash, 10 to 12½ gallons; lees or piquette, 7 gallons. These are average results only. In estimating the spirit-producing capacity of the several fruits in their various conditions, the fruits, other than pomace, are grown in bunches, and these bunches must be rated as follows: Pear or peach pomace may be rated with apple or peach pomace, and as having the same spirit. Prune pomace may be rated with grape pomace. Pineapple, orange and banana pomace may be rated with apple pomace, and rated to be equivalent to fifteen gallons of pomace. Prunes will be classed with grapes as to yield from wine, sour wine or pomace.

SPIRIT FROM GRAPE SEED. Among others who are preparing to manufacture fruit brandy in accordance with the act of Congress spoken of in the foregoing is the A. F. Tenny Company of Fresno, which proposes to save a large amount of fruit not desired for canning as well as the trimmings from the fruit which have gone to waste.

Concerning the disposition of brandy, made exclusively from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, etc.,

BRANDY AS A By-product. [California Fruit Grower.] By-products of the orchard and vineyard are destined to become increasingly important in the economical operation. The prevailing low prices are agents that will bring this about and favorable laws will stimulate the movement. This article treats upon one phase only of the conditions alluded to. Section 226 of the Revised Statutes of the United States, as amended by the act approved June 3, 1896, reads as follows:

"Concerning the disposition of brandy, made exclusively from apples, peaches, grapes, pears, pineapples, oranges, apricots, berries, etc.,

"The act of Congress of 1890, as amended by the act of 1893, provides that the brandy which is made is divided on shares with the party furnishing the raw material. Last year we treated fifty tons of seed which yielded 500 gallons of brandy, known as muscat brandy, and the top of the product was twenty-five to thirty gallons. We also treated last year 2000 gallons of fine brandy from the refuse of fruits. Peach pits and pear cores which would otherwise be 40 per cent. loss, now go to make brandy. The yield of brandy from peach pits is about 100 gallons per ton. Our distillery was established only last season. It has a capacity of about three hundred gallons in twenty-four hours and was furnished and erected by Sanders & Co. of San Francisco."

REGULATIONS. Every fruit distiller must be registered with the collector of the district. Every distiller must make a monthly return. If two stills are in a distillery one of which is not used, such fact must be reported. Each person having a still that is registered and intending to use the same before commencing distillation must give

SOCIETY.

**WILL JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT
SAVE YOU A SICK SPELL**

And above all, don't accept any substitute for JOHANN HOFF'S. Nothing fills its place. It has stood the test of 50 years and has been used everywhere. Ask for and be sure you get the GENUINE.

JOHANN HOFF'S MALT EXTRACT

Taken when you feel depressed and languid will enable you to resist and throw off approaching illness. Give Nature a little help in this way, now and then, and you'll gain in flesh and health.



By Our Values You Shall Know Us.

"No pent up Utica controls our power." The very fact that we are exclusive clothiers for men and boys, giving our entire thought, capital and time to the development of this one business, going to the best makers in the world for the world's best. Often giving too much for the money rather than too little. Is it any wonder that each succeeding season takes us one more step on the ladder of fame?

To Mothers.
Mothers who desire to dress their boys in the latest Eastern fashion will find our stock replete with the latest novelties. Wisdom and good taste are in abundant evidence on every counter and in every case—there are no old stocks to be worked off. Everything is bran, span new. You mothers who know how hard it is to get just the right nobby attire for a boy, will appreciate most the extraordinary care we have taken to make the choosing easy.

Men's Suits.
\$7.50, \$10.00, \$12.50, \$15.00, And \$20.00.



Inexpensive Elegance In Our Boys' Department.

Boys' D'Fab and Dark Brown Corduroy Suits, ages 8 to 15 years, for	\$3.50
Boys' Brown Corduroy Suits, ages 9 to 16 years, for	\$3.50
Boys' Long Pants Suits, choice patterns, ages 12 to 19 years.....	\$5.00 to \$12.50
Boys' Frock Jacket Suits, regular price \$5.00, special price.....	\$3.50
Washable Kilt Suits, ages 2½, 3 and 3½.....	\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
20 styles Cloth Wash Sailor Suits.....	\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 up to \$5.00
Colored Wash Suits.....	
Largest stock of Boys' School Suits in town, and prettiest patterns.....	
Boys' Corduroy Knee Pants, guaranteed not to fit.....	
Boys' Extra Well Made Knit Pants.....	\$1.00
Boys' Lamb's Wool Sateeters.....	75¢, \$1.25, \$1.50
Complete Line of Waistcoats.....	75¢, \$1.25 to \$1.50
Boys' School Shirts, sizes 12 to 14, 25¢, 40¢, 50¢, 75¢	
Boys' Dress Shirts, percales and madras.....	50¢, 75¢, \$1.00
Boys' Separate Deep Sailor Collars, separate shields.....	\$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75
Boys' Shirts, Drawers and Pantaloettes, also	
Knee Drawers.....	25¢, 35¢ 50¢



Men's Furnishings.

Good dressers say "The choicest stock in town." Economists say, "The cheapest place we know of."

Over fifty distinct patterns in Men's Fancy High Class Shirts, soft or laundered, bound with collars and cuffs, only \$1.00

Men's Underwear, forty different qualities and prices, all the most sought-for wear, from \$1.00 to \$5.00 a garment for the very finest down to 35¢

London Clothing Co.

119, 131, 133, 175
North Spring Street..... S. W. Corner Franklin.

MARIS & FRANK,
PROPRIETORS.

DR. SOMERS

Treats successfully all female diseases, including broid tumors and painful menstruation. ELECTRICAL TREATMENT A SPECIALTY. Twenty-five years' experience.

DR. SOMERS treats cataract, bronchitis and other pulmonary troubles for \$5 a month, medicine included. Call and visit his facilities for women at the above disease. 315 Currier Block, 212 West Third Street.

STRONG AGAIN New Life, New Strength, New Vigor THE ANAPHRODISIC.

From PROP. DR. PICORD of Paris is the only remedy for restoring strength under natural conditions and will bring back your power and energy to the highest degree. It acts on your system. They act quickly, create a healthy digestion, pure, rich blood, firm muscles, rugose skin, and a clear, bright brain. Imported direct from Paris. Price per box directions inclosed, \$2.50. For sale by all respectable druggists. Mail orders from 315 Currier Block, 212 West Third Street. DR. V. GONDROY, agent and manager for U. S. A., 469 Quincy Building, Chicago, Ill. For sale by Thomas Drug Co., cor. Spring and Temple.

Notice of Removal

Dr. Wong Hon, the Imperial Chinese physician, begs to announce to his numerous friends and patients that he has removed to larger and more commodious rooms at No. 831 S. Hope street, between Eighth and Ninth streets, where he will continue to practice in the favor of their patronage. Take Tramcar Grand Avenue or Washington Street cars.

TESTIMONIAL

January 5, 1897.
To the Public: I take this mode of expressing my thanks to Dr. Wong Hon of 639 Upper Main street for having cured me of great trouble which troubled me for a good night's sleep for about three years, and, acting under the advice of the best doctors of China, I had been unable to get rid of the climate, but kept getting gradually worse, until I was told to try Dr. Wong Hon, and by God's grace, after a few months' time, I can say that in three months' time I am a new woman and feel stronger than I ever did. Any person wishing me to certify this can do so. North Mareno avenue, Pasadena. MISS KLEMMIE.

...AUCTION...

I am instructed by L. J. Vial to dispose of the following on Monday, April 12, at 2 p.m. on St. Louis St., east side of Hollenbeck Park, Boyle Heights, his entire Grading Outfit consisting of 7 head of large Work Horses, 6 Mules, 7 sets of Double Harness, 4 large Wagons, 1 Buggy, 1 Buckboard, 6 Wheel Scrapers, 2 Railroad Plows, 1-4 horse Fresno Scraper, 100 ft. of 10 ft. Sod, 1 large Stable Tent, also a number of Small Tents, Cook House, Blacksmith Shop, and Tools, also Ropes, Chains, Stable Tools, Etc.

Positively no reserve.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer, Office, 435 South Spring Street.

BROWN BROS.'

Big Special

Overcoat Sale.

240-251 South Spring Street.

THE CUT-RATE DEPARTMENT STORE,
431-433 South Spring St., Is offering Special Bargains in everything. See their ad. in this paper and go look at their great stock.

The New and Stylish

Tattersall's Vests for.....

Nicoll THE TAILOR

134 SOUTH SPRING STREET

NEW Bauman's Millinery,
309 South Broadway.

Consumption Cured.

By Dr. W. Harrison Ballard, No. 404 Stimson Block, corner Spring and Third streets, Los Angeles.

What a cured patient says:

"About three months ago I concluded to give up all other treatment and put myself under your expert care, and the result is beyond my expectation. I have rapidly grown to be more like my former self. The cough and expectoration are entirely stopped, my appetite, which had been lost, has returned, and I am more robust and I have gained in weight and strength until now I feel perfectly well, and as the bacilli have disappeared from my lungs I am positive that I am perfectly cured."

"Yours very truly," A. W. STARK.

For new references see:

Mrs. A. E. Torrey, No. 1232 West Twenty-fourth street.

Mrs. Eva Henley, Lamanda Park, Cal.

Mrs. Mortimer, No. 466 Belmont avenue.

M. McGlynn, No. 721 South Main street.

R. S. Dugay, No. 404 South Broadway.

Mrs. H. J. Robinson, 635 S. Olive street.

The schooner Spokane has been chartered to bring lumber here from Fort Campbell.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Cressinger started for their Ashland, O., home today.

John Ward's horse fell on him at Moreno dam yesterday and broke Ward's leg.

J. A. Boyd and Mrs. M. G. Dunton will build new houses.

Trade with the Orient.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The U.S.S. Philadelphia sailed for Honolulu at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon under sealed orders. Although sealed orders are usually given to a warship commander to prevent the knowledge of the destination of the ship from leaking out, yet in this instance the destination of the Philadelphia is so well known that the sealed orders received by Admiral Beardslee will probably not have any particular bearing on the destination, but will have a great deal to say, in all probability, concerning the action of Admiral Beardslee upon his arrival.

The steamer *Orizaba* is due tonight from San Francisco, in place of the Santa Rosa.

Mr. and Mrs. B. Wilkins of Pasadena, and Mrs. James R. Ford have arrived at Coronado.

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Trade with the Orient.

WASHINGTON, April 8.—James J. Hill, president of the Great Northern Railroad, and also interested largely in transportation to the Orient, has written a letter to a western paper in which he points out the possibility of trade in China and Japan, and suggests the tariff duties will be so adjusted as not to prevent trade with countries across the Pacific.

GROCER'S SOLILOQUY.

The old story

They threw samples about town

Lodged them up with goods

At less price than the genuine

Said could make more money,

I bid and got.

Must work on the stock

To get my money out,

It grinds tho'

To tell an old customer

The imitation is "just as good"

Drives them away sometimes.

About 403 Cereal Coffees

Have sprung up all over

To imitate the original

Postum Cereal Food.

Every man out of a job

Thinks he can make it.

Just brown some Rye or Barley

And there you are

A "Cereal Coffee."

"Just as good as Postum."

Make pretty packages

Sample the town

Load up the grocer

And drive on.

A fortune for every fool

In four days.

People find out

All that kind of rubbish

Take and eat unpalatable.

It costs a cent a day.

Of scientific experiment

To perfect Postum,

The only original palatable

Pure Cereal Coffee

In existence.

When properly made it has

The color of Mocha

The taste of Java

The texture of coffee beans

Some good grocery names

Go Smirks, who used

For "kitchen pos'" to make chestnuts

For onions "just as good."

As Postum Cereal Coffee.

Plain, sober common honesty

And genuine goods in stock

Is the safe way.

It might pay to throw

All that imitation away

A short-sighted grocer will

Grind away on the counterfeits

Until his pocket is back.

A clean green grocer

Will sell only the genuine

And keep customers.

A RARE CHANCE.

Japanese Silk Goods at Manufacturer's Prices!

The proprietor of a Yokohama silk factory, now visiting this country, has brought with him a fine stock of silks—such as Dress Goods, Embroideries, Shawls, Handkerchiefs, etc. For 30 days, or till May 1, these goods will be on sale at factory prices at Yamato's store, 404 South Spring street.

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THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA NEWS

PASADENA.

THE STABAT MATER PRESENTED BY THE ORATORIO SOCIETY.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC TRAFFIC MANAGERS WILL ARRIVE TODAY—MOUNT LOWE CREDITORS MAY COMPROMISE WITH THE BONDHOLDERS—TERRACE DRIVE EXTENSION—NEWS NOTES.

PASADENA, April 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] Rossin's immortal work, the "Stabat Mater," was given this evening at the Universalist Church by the Pasadena Oratorio Society, assisted by the Woman's Orchestra of Los Angeles and competent soloists. Mr. Taylor, the director of the society, is worthy of all praise for his endeavor to give the people of Pasadena the privilege of hearing some of the standard choral works. In many ways the performance was one of uncommon merit. First of all, the work of the chorus is deserving of unqualified praise. In the second, the evening they sang in commendable style with an excellent body of tone. The orchestra, a "rosebed garden of girls," rendered the orchestral numbers with delightful effect and was a great aid to the soloists and chorus. Fred A. Bacon, the tenor, has a voice of musical quality and sang an unusually good rendering of the air, "Cujus Animam." Mrs. Clapp's best work was done in the beautiful duet, "Quis est Homo," which with the assistance of Mrs. Gibbs, was one of the most enjoyable numbers of the evening. Remained gave a truly pathetic rendering of the bass aria, "Pro Peccatis," which was well phrased throughout. In the second part of the programme, the orchestra was encored and repeated a part of the selection, the "Raymond Overture." Harley Hamilton was able to be present, but in his absence Adolph Lowinsky directed the orchestra.

The grand chorus from Tannhauser, "Hall, Bright Abode," was excellently rendered, and was fitting finale for a very satisfactory programme. Thomas W. Wilde presided at the organ during the evening.

SOUTHERN PACIFIC OFFICIALS.

A special train will arrive in Pasadena about 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, with the traffic managers of the Southern Pacific system. The party includes officials stationed in other countries, as well as in the United States. A tour of inspection of the Southern Pacific system is being made by the party. They stay in Pasadena will be very brief, probably not more than half an hour, and therefore no formal plan for entertaining the visitors has been adopted. It has been suggested, however, that flowers should be sent to the Southern Pacific depot, so that the party may have evidence of the welcome of Pasadena. The Board of Trade directors have requested that all persons who can do so, should send bouquets to the depot before 12 o'clock.

CREDITORS MAY AGREE.

A. Metcalfe says that he feels very hopeful of an amicable settlement of the affairs of the Mt. Lowe Railway. Although only about one-third of the unsecured creditors have as yet formally authorized the bondholders upon a plan of settlement, Mr. Metcalfe says that about 80 per cent. of the unsecured creditors have indicated their willingness to give such authority and will doubtless sign the necessary papers.

Another meeting of the committees representing the creditors and the bondholders is to be held in Mr. Metcalfe's office Saturday afternoon, when another effort will be made to agree upon some plan of compromise. Some concessions will be made on each side, but Mr. Metcalfe is confident that the rival interests will be reconciled.

The Pasadena and Mt. Lowe Railway Company, which was incorporated on Wednesday, was formed merely for the purpose of buying the assets of the old company at the foreclosure sale.

TERRACE DRIVE EXTENSION.

The old project of extending Terrace Drive to connect with Pasadena avenue at Palmetto drive is once more being agitated. This time, however, the distance to eight feet and one-half mile, it is so as to make this one of the handsomest avenues of the city. It may also serve as an entrance into the city for the proposed Pasadena boulevard.

G. F. Kernaghan, E. H. Lockwood, G. G. Roscoe Thomas, Newton Cleaveland and others have actively interested themselves in the contemplated improvement. The City Engineer is engaged in preparing a large map of the district affected by the extension, and this map will be presented to the Council with a petition for the improvement.

The majority of the property-owners affected are in favor of the plan, and it is not likely to meet with serious opposition.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

Arrivals today at the Hotel Green include: Mrs. E. V. Hallock, Miss Hale, Mrs. D. Hallcock, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Denby, Mrs. T. Preston, Utica, N. Y.; Mr. and Mrs. T. McClintock and children, Pittsburgh; Mr. and Mrs. P. C. Pope, Mare Island; Mrs. S. E. Jaggar, Burlingame, Iowa.

The directors of the Rubio Cafon Land and Water Association include: Mr. J. S. Thompson, president; Mr. Daniel Priest, vice-president; Mr. Gabriel Valley, treasurer, and Gus Bagnard, secretary. The associations will cover its reservoirs so as to preserve the water from contamination.

The extension of time granted for the completion of the improvements on the new street expired on Monday. Many complaints have been made about the condition of the street, and a vigorous protest will probably be made against the acceptance of the work.

In future the South Pasadena Public Library will be open every evening except Sunday and Tuesday from 7 to 9 p.m. The final accounting in the estate of Amos G. Throop has been set for tomorrow (Friday) before Judge Clark.

A South Pasadena florist has received an order from Cincinnati for 20,000 callas to be used in Easter services.

The directors of the Board of Trade will meet next Monday morning at 9:30 o'clock.

John C. Wray of Ventura was in Pasadena today.

McCormick's ice-cream sodas strike the right spot these hot days.

Bicycles promptly and skillfully repaired. No. 20 North Raymond.

HEATING HOUSES, CHURCHES, ETC.

With hot air is made a specialty by F. E. Brown, No. 123 East Fourth street.

McCamments ice-cream sodas strike the right spot these hot days.

Bicycles promptly and skillfully repaired. No. 20 North Raymond.

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A Gold Watch Free

This is no lottery scheme.
No chances to take.
No blanks to draw.
Everyone Wins.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

1867.

SEE OUR ADVERTISEMENT ON PAGE 7.

JACOBY BROS.

128, 130, 132, 134, 136, 138 North Spring St.

1897.

A Gold Watch Free

No disappointed ones.
No fake scheme.
A genuine free gift of Gold
Watches.
See them in our windows.

WRITE FOR CATALOGUE.



Jacoby Bros.' store will be **thirty years old** tomorrow. We founded our house on the rock of commercial honor. With eagle eye we watched the wants of buyers—with intelligence, courage and capital we provided for them. With prices based on equity we met and defeated, on the field of competition, the disciples of the "few-sales and fancy-profit" school of business. We have outstripped all in the race for patronage. Our progressive and aggressive methods are a revelation to everyone. The wonderful growth and development of our business is without parallel in the mercantile history of Los Angeles. The evidence of such merited confidence of the people deserves a celebration, therefore, we have set apart as a festal day,

SATURDAY, APRIL 10, WE BEGIN OUR GRAND CELEBRATION

We will not have music; we will not decorate with flowers, but instead we will make the grandest gift ever heard of, as follows.

**Gold Watches Absolutely Free.**

During Saturday (7:30 a.m. until 10 p.m.) we will give with every cash purchase of \$15.00 or over, in our store, of Men's or Boys' Clothing, a fine Gold Filled Watch, warranted both as to case and movement, for one year. These watches are worth \$10.00 of anyone's money—6 styles of cases—Ladies or Gentlemen's size—hunting case or open face. See them in our window. Besides this we guarantee to give you

More for Your Money Than Any House Offers, or Your Money Back.**Men's Spring Suits.**

The Best \$7.35 Men's Suits.
The Best \$8.50 Men's Suits.
The Best \$10.00 Men's Suits.
The Best \$12.35 Men's Suits.
The Best \$14.85 Men's Suits.
The Best \$17.50 Men's Suits.
The Best \$20.00 Men's Suits.

Boy's Suits.

The best \$1.85 Boys' Suits.
The best \$2.50 Boys' Suits.
The Best \$3.45 Boys' Suits.
The Best \$4.50 Boys' Suits.
The Best \$5.50 Boys' Suits.
The Best \$8.00 Boys' Suits.
The Best \$9.00 Boys' Suits.

Men's Shoes.

The best \$1.50 Men's Shoes.
The best \$2.00 Men's Shoes.
The best \$2.50 Men's Shoes.
The best \$3.00 Men's Shoes.
The best \$4.00 Men's Shoes.
The best \$5.00 Men's Shoes.
The best \$6.00 Men's Shoes.

Ladies' Shoes.

The best \$2.00 Ladies' Shoes.
The best \$2.50 Ladies' Shoes.
The best \$3.00 Ladies' Shoes.
The best \$3.50 Ladies' Shoes.
The best \$4.00 Ladies' Shoes.
The best \$5.00 Ladies' Shoes.
The best \$6.00 Ladies' Shoes.

Men's Hats.

The best \$0.75 Men's Hats.
The best \$0.94 Men's Hats.
The best \$1.40 Men's Hats.
The best \$1.90 Men's Hats.
The best \$3.00 Men's Hats.
The best \$3.00 Men's Hats.
The best \$4.00 Men's Hats.

Every Article Sold Strictly on Honor---We Will Satisfy You.**REAL ESTATE RECORD.****HOUSE AND LOT.****PLENTY OF MONEY AT REASONABLE RATES.**

A New Departure in the Bidding for Street-railway Franchises. Good Prices Realized.

A SUBURBAN SUBDIVISION.**PROPOSED ROUTE FOR THE PASADENA BOULEVARD.****Demand for Small Tracts in the Cahuenga Valley—Where is the Northern Citrus Belt—Building Permits.**

There is not yet any particular movement to notice in the real estate market. As stated last week, there are several eastern parties here who are looking for first-class inside business property as an investment. A trade on Broadway has been almost closed, and it is expected will be brought to conclusion by today.

It is a noteworthy fact that eastern men are just now much interested in the subject of beet-sugar culture in California. During the past week several letters of inquiry have been received by real estate men and others, including one from a man of national reputation, who was very prominently connected with the conducting of the national Republican campaign.

PLENTY OF MONEY.

One of the encouraging features of the market is the abundance of money for loaning purposes. On inside business property money may be had at 6 per cent., net. On residence property, when the amount loaned is not over 30 per cent. of the value of the property, loans may be had at 7 per cent., otherwise from 8 to 9 per cent., is asked.

The only effect, so far, of the new State law regarding the period for recording of mortgages appears to be that lenders are more inclined to advance so large a percentage of the value of the property as formerly. It is also more general now to have mortgages paid quarterly instead of half yearly.

A SUBURBAN SUBDIVISION.

The German-American Savings Bank of this city has placed in the hands of one of the leading real estate firms of this city, for subdivision and sale, 5,000 acres of the McDonald ranch, between Los Angeles and Redondo, on the south side of the city. The property is just west of Gardena. A station on the Redondo Railroad. An innovation in the improvement of land in that locality will be introduced, as the tract will be irrigated from artesian wells, of which two will probably be boared to a depth of from 300 to 400 feet. The land is now being surveyed, and will be subdivided into ten acre tracts. The firm which is handling the property will open an office there.

Land in that section is specially adapted to the dairy business. There is a creamery now at Gardena, and at Compton, four miles away, and a large cheese factory, which turns out 1500 pounds a day. In a week or two an excursion will be run to the tract.

The land will be offered at \$150 per acre, including a guarantee of an inch of water to ten acres of land.

THE PASADENA BOULEVARD.

During the past week the committee appointed to select a site for a boulevard between Los Angeles and Pasadena has been busily engaged in going over several of the proposed routes, while residents in various sections which would like to secure the boulevard have been holding meetings, and setting forth the advantages which they have to offer.

The suggestion that has been made to create a new thoroughfare, north-easterly from the plaza, avoiding the railroad tracks, shops and other undesirable features of the northern part of town, has attracted much attention. The proposed route would start from the north side of the plaza, in a northeasterly direction, crossing the railroad tracks by a viaduct, and striking the Mission Road in the neighborhood of Griffin avenue. Such thoroughfare would at once run into land that is at present unoccupied, where there would be no difficulty in securing rights-of-way. It would also run close to the East Side Park.

Residents of Eagle Rock Valley have held several enthusiastic meetings, and have offered not only to donate a right-of-way, but to grade through the entire length of the valley, a distance of about two miles, which is certainly a very liberal proposition. In connection with this route, a new approach from Los Angeles has been suggested, which possesses many advantages.

This is to run up Figueroa and North Pearl street—which is now known as Figueroa—to where that street joins College street in the northern part of the city. Just north of College street, the road would be raised, which would be graded at small expense into the Chavez Ravine road, at the bottom of the hill. This is a favorite drive through Elysian Park and leaves that park a short distance east of Griffith Park, whence the boulevard could be continued across the river toward Eagle Rock Valley. By this route not a single steam railroad would be crossed or passed. Within the city it would run into the leading residence thoroughfare, and at any point between Temple and Tenth street it would not be more than 200 feet from Broadway.

Even should this route not be adopted for the first boulevard, it would be an excellent idea to push it for a second, which would provide an interesting round trip.

STREET RAILROAD FRANCHISES.

The past week has been quite a lively one in the matter of street-railway franchises. Bids were received by the Council for the extension of the Mateo and Santa Fe Avenue railroad. It will be remembered that a short time ago, when bids were advertised in regard to the terms of the contract, the highest bid was \$522,100, from a representative of the Los Angeles Railroad Company, but it was claimed that the bid was not a legal one, and after some discussion it was ordered to be readvertised by the Council. This has now been done, with the result that much higher bids have been received, namely, one of \$522,100, from a representative of the present Mateo street line, and one of \$561, from a person who is understood to represent the Los Angeles Railway Company. Thus, once more, the Los Angeles Railroad Company has secured control of this franchise, which is not underlaid by a lease, and the company proposes to build the line in the near future, but it has had to pay a pretty steep price to keep

out competition in that direction. Fortunately franchises brought only a couple of hundred dollars, but now, under the pressure of competition from parties who mean business, the city is likely to reap a nice little income from this source as long as there are any streets left that are not plastered over with paper and dirt. In this case, however, it is an unfortunate and undesirable condition of affairs which makes it possible for persons or corporations to bid in street-railway franchises and tie them up for eighteen months, merely to keep out competition.

The Mateo-street company, behind which is Mr. A. E. Redding, appears to be possessed of plenty of spunk. This company promises to give Mr. Wood a good rustle for his money. The company already has an application for another franchise before the Board of Public Works, for a street-car line as follows:

"Commencing at the intersection of Short street and Santa Fe avenue, thence along Short street northerly to Fourth street, along Fourth street to Wolfskill avenue, southerly on Wolfskill avenue to Ceres avenue, and along Ceres avenue to Sixth street, thence westerly on Sixth street to Pearl street, and westerly on Orange street, and westerly on Orange street to St. Paul's avenue, thence northerly on St. Paul's avenue to Sixth street, and westerly on Sixth street to Ward street, and along Ward street to Orange street, and westerly on Orange street to St. Paul's avenue, thence northerly on St. Paul's avenue to Sixth street, and westerly on Sixth street to Pearl street, and westerly on Pearl street to Orange street, and westerly on Orange street to St. Paul's avenue, thence northerly on St. Paul's avenue to Sixth street, and westerly on Sixth street to Ward street, and along Ward street to Orange street, and westerly on Orange street to St. Paul's avenue, thence northerly on St. Paul's 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